Middletown Transcript.

VOL. V. MIDDLETOWN, NEW CASTLE COUNTY, DELAWARE, SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 31, 1872. NO. 35.

CHEAP

STORE!!

HAS JUST RECEIVED A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF GOODS CONSISTING, IN PART, OF

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
GROCERIES,
BOOTS,
SHOES,
HATS,
CAPS.
QUEENSWARE,
WOOD & WILLOW WARE,
EARTHEN & STONE WARE.
FISH, MEATS,

READY-MADE

CLOTHING,

ALSO, AGENT FOR

WANAMAKER & BROWN,

And in fact everything usually kept in a

FIRST-CLASS COUNTRY STORE

All of which we should be pleased to have you

CALL AND EXAMINE.

NO CHARGE

FOR SHOWING GOODS

TERMS CASH!!!

J. F. ELIASON,
Cheap Store,
Middletown, Del.

apr 27—tf

500 Dollars

IN

SILVER COIN,

To be given away in

PREMIUMS,

AT

S. R. STEPHENS & CO'S.

CASH STORE.

We are now offering a new stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

Of great Variety and Style, at low prices for Cash.

We will also pay to all persons purchasing to the amount of Five Dollars or over, 5 per cent in Silver.

We respectfully invite all cash buyers to give us a call before purchasing, as we keep constantly on hand a large variety of goods.

N. B. Sole owners of the Right for New Castle County, of Hall's Little Washer. Price Five Dollars.

S. R. STEPHENS & CO.

April 27—tf. Middletown, Del.

THE IMPROVED FLORENCE.

THE BEST SEWING MACHINE MADE.

The only machine that makes four different stitches! The only machine that fastens the ends of seams!

The only machine that will move the work in any direction desired! and the only machine that has a self-adjusting tension. These advantages combined with ease, rapidity and quietness of motion, together with the beauty and quality of its work with recent improvements render it the most desirable, durable and best Family Sewing Machine in the world. Agents wanted in every county.

WILSON & PENNYPACKER, Managers,
apr 27-3mof 1123 Chestnut St Philad'a.

C. MAISEL,

TAILOR, (From Paris),

1324 Chestnut Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

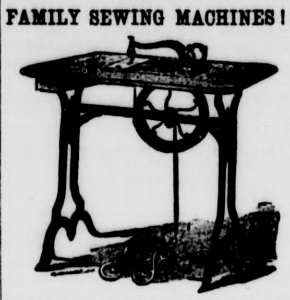
may 21—1y

GROVER & BAKER'S

Highest Premium

ELASTIC STITCH

FAMILY SEWING MACHINES!!



I HAVE on hand a few of the above excellent Machines, which I will sell at

Greatly Reduced Rates.

These Machines for beauty and Elasticity of Stitch, and simplicity of machinery can be excelled by none.

THE REGULAR PRICE IS $60,00

I will make a discount of

10 PER CENT FOR CASH,

Or I will sell them on time, to be paid for in monthly instalments of $10,00 each.

SEWING MACHINES TO HIRE

AT

$1.00 PER WEEK.

S. M. REYNOLDS.

☞ Satisfaction guaranteed, or the Machine taken back after a week's trial.

TESTIMONIALS.

Mrs. H. M. P. Allen, No. 728 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, deposed:

"The Grover & Baker far excels any other machine for dress-making and general family use. The stitch also is more beautiful and durable than any other stitch that I know of. The machine is so simple in its combination of parts and its practical operation, that it is very difficult to get it out of order, and any operative can manage it. It is the only machine which has yet succeeded in embroidery."

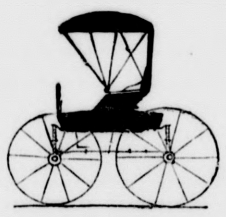
Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher writes:

"More than two-thirds of all the sewing done in my family for the last two years has been done by Grover & Baker's Machine, and I have never had a garment rip or need mending, except those rents which frolicsome boys will make in whole cloth. It is, in my opinion, by far the most valuable of any I have tried."

June 22—tf.

J. M. COX & BRO.

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.



BUILDERS OF FIRST CLASS WORK ONLY.

A Large and Superior Stock of

CARRIAGES!

now on hand, made expressly for this market, all of which will be disposed of on reasonable terms, and guaranteed to be what it is represented,

☞ *Particular attention given to Repairing.* ☜

apr 6—6m

Register's Order.

REGISTER'S OFFICE,

NEW CASTLE COUNTY, August 13th, 1872.

Upon the application of Colen Ferguson, Administrator of Theodore Lord, late of Appoquinimink Hundred in said County, deceased; it is ordered and directed by the Register that the Administrator aforesaid, give notice of the granting of Letters of Administration upon the Estate of the deceased, with the date of granting thereof, by causing advertisements to be posted within forty days from the date of such Letters, in six of the most public places of the County of New Castle, requiring all persons having demands against the Estate, to present the same, or abide by an Act of Assembly in such case made and provided. And also cause the same to be inserted within the same period in the Middletown Transcript, a newspaper published in Middletown, and to be continued therein two months.

{L. S.} Given under the hand and Seal of Office of the Register aforesaid, at New Castle, in New Castle County aforesaid, the day and year above written.

B. GIBBS, Register.

NOTICE.—All persons having claims against the Estate of the deceased must present the same duly attested to the Administrator on or before August 13th, 1873, or abide the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided.

COLEN FERGUSON, Admr.
Address—Blackbird, Del.

Aug. 17—2m.

Select Poetry.

There Is No Death.

BY SIR E. BULWER LYTTON.

There is no death! The stars go down
To rise upon some fairer shore;
And bright in Heaven's jewel'd crown,
They shine forevermore.

There is no death! The dust we tread
Shall change beneath the summer showers
To golden grain or mellowed fruit,
Or rainbow-tinted flowers.

The granite rocks disorganize,
And feed the hungry moss they bear;
The forest leaves drink daily life
From out the viewless air.

There is no death! The leaves may fall,
The flowers may fade and pass away;
They only wait through wintry hours,
The coming of May day.

There is no death! An angel form
Walks o'er the earth with silent tread,
And bears our best loved things away:
And then we call them "dead."

He leaves our hearts all desolate:
He plucks our fairest, sweetest flowers;
Transplanted into bliss, they now
Adorn immortal bowers.

The bird-like voice, whose joyous tones
Made glad these scenes of sin and strife,
Sings now an everlasting song
Around the tree of life.

Where'er He sees a smile too bright,
Or heart too pure for taint or vice,
He bears it to that world of light,
To dwell in paradise.

Born unto that dying life,
They leave us but to come again;
With joy we welcome them the same,
Except their sin and pain.

And ever near us, though unseen,
The dear immortal spirits tread;
For all the boundless universe
Is life—*there is no death!*

Select Story.

THE STUDENT'S TRICK.

Joe Moss, a medical student at the College in Georgetown, D. C., some few years ago, was a foppish, egotistic fellow; and for some reason or other, was disliked by a portion of his fellow-students, the greater part of his enemies being members of a certain "club," accustomed to meet at a room in their boarding-house, and there form plans successively "playing possum," as they called it. Joe had fallen desperately in love with a young Miss in G., who, he was informed, was the daughter of a wealthy gentleman living on Bridge street. Although he was unacquainted with her, he took it into his head to write her a short note and express to her his love. Couching it in the usual *warm* language of a lover, and directing it to the care of the gentleman whom he had been informed was her father, he made known his secret to a friend, and gave him the note for safe deliverance.

Now, it so happened, that Joe's urbane "friend," was a prominent member of the celebrated "club," to which we have before alluded, and instead of delivering his note to the place where directed, he carried it straight to the club room, where his friends were congregated in jovial familiarity. He made known his intended mission as post-boy; and politely hinted that it would be a good plan to open the mail among them, and examine its contents; at the same time flinging down Joe's note, wrapped up in a piece of old newspaper.

"Since the mission is only of love, it can't be very important," says one.

"No; and sure as I live, the document is unsealed! Suppose we take a peep into it, boys," said another, at the same time taking up the note, which had been "laid on the table," and running his fingers into the ends of it.

The contents were soon open to the gaze of all, and anxiously the artful students took their turn at reading and laughing over Joe's supposed secret. When all had read it, a proposition was made to retain the note among them, and have one of their number answer it. Lots were cast, to see who should perform the delicate job, and it fell upon Bill ——, who, by the way, wrote a fine, easy hand, well calculated to be mistaken for a lady's. Accordingly, the note was answered in an adroit but modest, appropriate manner by Bill; and expectation was on tip-toe for some days at the club-room for Joe's reply.

At last it came, filled with many thanks for her kind condescension in answering his; and with exhibitions of a more ardent love than in the first. The game of the club worked well—and Joe was deceived. His second note was also detained and answered as before, by Bill, with such "sweet sentences" as the others saw fit to have introduced in it.

For some six months, Joe was in this way deceived, all the while getting deeper in love; when the club concluded to bring the matter to a close by a capital trick upon that devoted worshipper at Cupid's shrine, and the following brief note was consequently dispatched to Moss: "My Dearest Joseph:—We have continued our correspondence for some months, during which period I have never met you. Will you do me the favor to call at father's residence, if possible, this evening? This whole affair is unknown to my parents, having been continued solely on account of my deep love for you, and therefore to avoid their displeasure, our meeting this evening must be strictly private. Please come around to the *back* door, knock gently three times, when I will open the window above, and inquire "who is there?" You must answer in a whisper, "it is me," and then I will come down and admit you.

Come precisely at 9 o'clock, and remember my instructions, dear Joseph, for upon these depend the success or failure of our first meeting.

Affectionately yours, Jessie ——." Thursday, 4 o'clock, P. M.

At his own room, before a mirror, might have been seen Joe Moss, about 8 o'clock on the eve designated above, brushing his hair and adjusting his linen, after the most approved style. "I want to look as prim as possible, Archie," said he to that individual, whom one would recognize as the "confident," that had so accommodatingly delivered all Joe's notes for him, and who now sits near him lazily puffing a sweet scented regalia, with his boots hoisted upon the window-casing.

"Are you sure of the house, Archie?"

"Sure as death," said that worthy; "why shouldn't I be, I've been there every three or four days for this six months." And it was time, though he had not been—as Joe supposed, to deliver his notes—he being intimately acquainted with the family, had made calls there. Archie knew that by getting Joe to go around to the back door, in the manner described in the note, he would be received by the black domestic, Bettie, who was accustomed to receive her lover there in the same way—by knocking three times. He had communicated these facts to the club, and hence the note which Moss had received, signed by Jessie, the name of his lady-love, as he supposed.

The night was "dark as tar," when Joe "slid out of his room, and bent his footsteps towards the residence of Mr. ——, closely followed by two persons wrapped in cloaks; who, could the light of a lantern have been brought to shine in their faces, would have been recognized as our acquaintance, Archie, and another member of the club, who were following up to witness the meeting of the lover and the black girl, Bettie.

Cautiously approaching the door designated in his note, Joe knocked softly three times. About a minute elapsed, when the wooly phiz of the black domestic darted out of the window above, and asked, "Who's there?" "Its me," whispered the impatient Joe Moss.

"Oh, that's John," soliloquized the overjoyed "female black," as she withdrew her head from the window and hastened down to meet her supposed lover.

She opened the door, as was her custom, without any light, and with the room entirely dark. Not a word was spoken for fear of being heard, but as soon as Joe had got fairly in, the fat, bare arms of Bettie were clasped about his neck, while a volley of kisses from "black ebony lips" were showered upon his own. Moss was at first daunted by his unexpected greeting, but collecting himself a little, "he returned the compliment" by clasping and kissing her also! Neither lisped a word during this "loving" operation, but after they had hugged and kissed, and kissed and hugged for some time, Joe, ventured to whisper and suggest the propriety of a light, wishing, we suppose, to see the "beautiful face" of his dear Miss Jessie!"

During the delightful greeting between Moss and black Bettie, his two medical friends, whom we have seen following him in the street, had been ear-witnesses in the wood-shed, the door leading from the kitchen, in which Moss now sat, and through which he had entered, being wide open. When they heard them kissing, each clutched his sides to suppress his laughter. But when they crept up to the door and heard Joe murmur, "The duce! she's an affectionate young lady! What an effectionate greeting that was!" &c. they nearly made hogs of themselves by rolling in the chips, and crowding the ends of their surtouts in their mouths to prevent laughing outright, thus, breaking the charm.

But lo! the light appears, held in the hands of black Bettie, and not by the daughter of the wealthy resident, where Joe had been making himself so familiar! She stares in wonderment at seeing a genteel dressed *white* instead of her unprepossessing *black* lover, John, sitting here. She walks towards him, then goes around a little and holds out her lamp to take a "side view," Joe grows impatient, and finally says (in a low voice,) "This is a confidential servant of Miss Jessie, is it not? will your mistress be in soon?" A grin peculiar to her race, was his only answer.

Shortly, she placed the lamp on the table, and fixing herself in a pugilistic position before the now astonished Joe, she cried, "Is dat *you* vat I've been hugging and kissing, you vite imp?" At this juncture, a loud "ha, ha," escaped from the eaves-droppers in the shed, and Moss "wooling" the operation, darted out of the door in double quick time. He was not, however, quick enough to escape a pan of emptyings which the inbignant Bettie flung upon him in her wrath. The next morning, a young man might have been seen standing on the piazza of the residence where the scenes which we have related occurred, awaiting the answer of the bell. Presently the door is opened.

"Does Mr. —— reside here?"

"Faith, and sure he does; where else," said Annie, a stout looking daughter of Erin.

"Please tell him a gentleman would like to speak with him a moment."

"And what can be yer name, sir?"

"Moss," said the worthy commandingly.

She disappeared, and shortly Mr.—— made his appearance.

"What business, sir?" said the old gentleman gruffly.

"Allow me to be so impertinent as to ask if you have a daughter named Jessie, sir?" said Moss, timidly.

"Daughter! daughter Jessie! Haven't got a daughter, never had any, and what's more, I don't expect to have any, at least as long as I remain a bachelor!"

"That's all I wish to ascertain," said Joe Moss, gliding out, with a full consciousness that he had been gloriously "sold" by his fellow-students.

Teach the Girls to Work.

Farmers' little daughters can be taught many valuable duties at the early age of eight. They can be taught to knit their own stockings and mittens, sew patchwork, and even spin. At the age of nine or eleven let them have a quilting, and invite the little girls in the neighborhood to help them quilt. This will induce them to be smart and persevering. Likewise have them practice in cooking, as every mother knows this is the most essential part of housekeeping. We must not think because they do not go about it as handily as we do, or scatter a little flour, they must wait until they are sixteen. Just go into the pantry, and tell them how to proceed to make biscuit and pies, then leave them to cook and use their own judgment, as they will have more confidence when left alone. Then praise and encourage them if they succeed. Never speak discouragingly of their efforts if they do not. It is very satisfactory to know our daughters will accomplish their domestic duties with economy, cheerfulness and alacrity. The neglect of early training in the above mentioned duties, perhaps, may be the reason why so many misses are not skilled in those duties, and therefore do not succeed when called to take charge of a home of their own. I am acquainted with a couple of daughters, who, when at the age of thirteen, could cook, spin and weave, and make butter. They drew the first premium on misses' butter at the county fair—*A Mother, in Maine Farmer.*

The Lawyer.

A lawyer is the servant of his fellowmen for the attainment of justice: in which definition is expressed both the lowliness and dignity of his calling; the lowliness—in that he is the servant of all, ever ready to assist as well the meanest as the loftiest; the dignity—in that the end whereto he serves has among things temporal no superior or equal. For justice is nothing less than the support of the world whereby each has from all others that which is due; the poor their succor; the rich their ease; the powerful their honor. For it were governments framed, and powers ordained of God; flourishing it cheers, and languishing it dejects the mind of good men; and in its overthrow is involved the ruin and fall of commonwealths. That justice should ever be contemned or trodden under foot is a grief to God and angels; how glorious then is his calling whose work it is to prevent her fall, or to raise her fallen! Truly the lawyer, while the servant of earth, is the minister of heaven; while he labors for the good of his fellow-men he works none other than the work of God.—*Edward O'Brien.*

Keep the Heart Alive.

The longer I live, the more expedient I find it to endeavor more and more to extend my sympathies and affections. The natural tendency of advancing years is to narrow and contract those feelings. I do not mean that I wish to form a new friendship every day; to increase my circle of intimates—these are very different affairs. But I find it conduces to my mental health and happiness to find out all I can which is amiable and lovable in those I come in contact with, and to make the most of it. It may fall very short of what I was once wont to dream of; it may not supply the place of what I have known, felt and tasted, but it is better than nothing. It seems to keep the feelings and affections in exercise; it keeps the heart alive in its humanity and till we shall be all spiritual, this is alike our duty and our interest.—*The Moravian.*

Two Dutch farmers in Canada, whose farms were adjacent, were out in their respective fields, when one heard an unusally loud hallooing in the direction of a gap in a high stone wall, and ran with all speed to the place, and the following brief conversation ensued:

"Shon, vat ish te matter?"

"Vell, den," says John, "I was trying to climb on te top of dish big stone wall, and I fell off, and all te stone wall tumbled down onto me, and has broken one of my legs off, and part of my arms, smashed my rib in, and dese pig stones are laying on te top of mine pody."

"Ish dat all?" says the other; "vy, you holler so big loud I tot you got te toofache."

A scholar in a country school was asked: "How do you parse Mary milks the cow?" The last word was disposed of as follows: "Cow is a noun, feminine gender, singular number, third person, and stands for Mary." "Stands for Mary? How do you make that out?" "Because," added the intelligent pupil, "if she didn't stand for Mary, how could she milk her?"

There is only one love, but there are a hundred imitations.

Leap Year Felicities.

Eli Perkins has undergone matrimonial proposals at the hand of one of his lady friends, and he has this to say about it:

First, I called on my liquid eyed brunette friend, Miss Sallie Morris, of Madison Avenue. Now I've spent a good deal of money on Miss Sallie for operas, bouquets, Delmonico lunches, etc. I've been trying for two years to win her affections.

Last night, full of hope and love, I rang old Morris' door bell. In a moment Miss Sallie was by my side on a retired sofa. After speaking of the coming opera, I felt her velvety hands touch mine.

"Do you know, Mr. Perkins," she said, looking me straight in the face, "that today is our proposing day?"

"Well, I suppose so," I remarked, looking modestly down at her mosaic bracelet.

"Well, you know, Eli, my dear Eli! that I have been out with you a good deal"

"Yes," I replied, beginning to feel embarrassed.

"You know, my dear," she said, taking both of my hands, "that it is costing me a good deal for dresses and gloves, and—"

"And costing me a good deal for carriages, boquets, and Delmonico lunches," I interrupted with increased embarrassment.

"And while I have enjoyed myself all winter going with you, Eli—"

"In expensive carriages to the Academy and Delmonico's," I suggested.

"Yes, while I have been happy to go there with you—I feel—I feel—Oh, my dear Eli, I don't know how to say what I want to!" and then the beautiful child hid her face on her bosom.

"Do not fear my answer, beautiful one," I said soothingly. "What is it that weighs so upon your sorrowful heart?"

"Oh, Eli, it is love," she said, sobbing wildly and twisting her jewelled fingers in my auburn hair.

"Heaven be praised," I sighed, as I felt the beating of her heart against my vest. "For whom is this love, darling?" I asked, "for you know I am deeply interested in you."

"You will not be mad with me, Eli?"

"No, sweet one, I shall only be too happy," I said, wiping my tears from my eyes.

"Well, my dear—my long-cherished friend, I love—"

"Who, dear Sallie—who do you love?"

"Well, Eli, I love Charley Brown, to whom I am engaged;" and then the scalding tears fell thick and fast on my shirt bosom.

"Well, Sallie, what have you got to say to me?" I asked, hesitatingly, as I loosened her hands from my neck.

"Why, my dear Eli, Charley and father thought that I had better propose—"

"Oh, darling one, I am thine!" I said with great emotion. "Take me! Never mind father. Take me as I am. Take—"

"But, Eli, let me explain. They wanted me to see you, and thank you for your many kindnesses, and propose that you do not come here any more?"

A Defence of Pretty Women.

After all, is the world so very absurd in its love of pretty woman? Is woman so very ridiculous in her chase after beauty? A pretty woman is doing a woman's work in the world, but not making speeches, nor making puddings, but making life sunnier and more beautiful. Man has forsworn the pursuit of beauty altogether. Does he seek it for himself, he is guessed to be frivolous, he is guessed to be poetic, there are whispers that his morals are no better than they should be. In society resolute to be ugly there is no post for an Adonis, but that of a model or guardsman. But woman does for mankind what man has ceased to do. Her aim from childhood is to be beautiful.

Even as a school-girl she notes the progress of her charm, the deepening color of her hair, the growing symmetry of her arm, the ripening contour of her cheek.

We watch, with silent interest, the mysterious reveries of the maiden; she is dreaming of a coming beauty, and panting for the glories of eighteen. Insensibly, she becomes an artist, her room is a studio, her glass an academy. The joy of her toilet is the joy of Raphael over his canvas, of Michael Angelo over his marble. She is creating beauty in the silence and the loneliness of her chamber; she grows like any art-creation, the result of patience, of hope, of a thousand delicate touchings and retouchings. Woman is never perfect: never complete. A restless night undoes the beauty of the day; sunshine blurs the evanescent coloring of her cheek; frost nips the tender outlines of her face into sudden harshness. Care plows the lines across her brow; motherhood destroys the elastic lightness of her form; the bloom of her cheek, the quick flash of her eye, fade and vanish as the years go by. But woman is still true to her ideal. She won't know when she is beaten, and she manages to steal fresh victories even in her defeat. She invents new conceptions of womanly grace; she rallies at forty, and fronts us with the beauty of womanhood; she makes a last stand at sixty, with the beauty of her age. She falls like Cæsar, wrapping her mantle round her—"buried in woolen! 'twould a saint provoke!" Death listens pitifully to the longings of a lifetime, and the wrinkled face smiles with something of the prettiness of eighteen.

School boys hear with pleasure the decline in the whaling business.

Love of Flowers.

Show me the man that does not love flowers and children, and you will find him destitute of the more ennobling qualities of manhood. Such a man should not be trusted. Why was it that God planted the first garden and filled it with fruits and flowers, and "everything that was pleasant to the sight," and then took the man he had made and put him into the garden to dress and keep it, if it were not to bring him into daily contact with nature, and to give him pure, simple, rational pleasures, and to teach him happiness? Why was it that a garden was selected as the last resting place for him whose life of love has lasted through more than eighteen centuries, and will continue to the end of time? Why is it that this feeling of reverence and yearning for "the lost garden" has come down to us through all the dark ages of the world, growing more intense as the world becomes more civilized and refined? Why is it that a flower will attract the notice of the infant in its mother's arms sooner than any toy? Why is it that the older we grow the greater is our love for flowers? Why is it that we decorate the graves of our loved ones with flowers? Why is it that love of flowers is not confined to any class, race or nation? It is because they speak a universal language—the one language of the heart—and respond to the noblest and most generous emotions of the soul; soothing, delighting, cheering, animating, subduing, refining the mind of man by their divine ministrations. Truly, flowers are God's telegraph from the soul of man to Himself—divine messages full of life, love, and beauty.

HOME FRIENDSHIP.—Our best friends are at home. Those who love us best, who would do most for us, who are most interested in our lives, and would weep the bitterest tears were we to die, dwell under our own roof, eat at our own table, and sleep under the shadow of our protection. How, then, should we feel toward them and treat them? If they are our best friends we should show it. Concealed friendship does not do us much good.

If a mine of gold is on our farm, and we know it not, we are not much better off for it. Many people have a strange way of showing their friendship to the members of their own home circle. They are exacting, cross, surely fretful and hateful in many ways, and all this to the friends they really love. They mean no harm; they mean not to break the cord of friendship, or mar its sweet symphonies, but somehow forget that home friendship should be treated more delicately and kindly than any other, because it is better, and more immediately affects our happiness. It should be one of the constant objects for which we should live, to respect and improve the home friendship. In this we live. It is the fountain of our sweetest pleasure, our best life. Into this fountain no bitter drugs, no poisonous drops should be put. We should keep it clear and pure.

WORK—Employment makes people happy. It is the duty of every one to be industrious and to make a good use of his time, and we can always find something to do if we are only willing to do it. We should all study to find what station in life we are best adapted to fill.

Employment makes us happy, for if we are employed, we forget our troubles in thinking of our work. We should not be as happy, if we are idle all our lives, as we should be if we tried to help ourselves and others.

Many people imagine that if they were only rich and not obliged to work they should be happy; but I think we were created to employ our time in some useful way. It is well, too, that we are not all fitted for the same work; for if we were, we should need a great many things which we could not make, and should receive but little pay for our work; but as it is, we have a plenty of everything.

GRUMBLERS AT NEWSPAPERS.—Horace Greeley thus hits the nail on the head: "It is strange how closely men read the papers. We never say anything that anybody dont like, but we soon hear of it. If, however, once we happen to say a good thing, we never hear of that; nobody seems to notice that. We may pay some man a hundred compliments, and give him a dozen puffs, and he takes it all as a tribute to his greatness, and he never thinks it does him any good. But if we happen to say things this man don't like, or something that he thinks is a reflection on him or his character, see how quick he flares up and gets mad about it.—All our evils are duly charged to us, but we never, apparently, get any credit for what good we do."

THE PRICE OF SLUMBER.—One hot Sunday a Western Methodist minister observed that a majority of his congregation were wrapped in placid slumber. Suddenly pausing in his sermon, he requested Deacon S—— to pass the plate. The deacon, thus accosted, rose to his feet, and, with a very red face, said:

"The collection has already been taken up."

"Never mind, Brother S——," replied the minister; "take up another, for I intend to make this congregation pay for lodgings as well as spiritual food."

When the second collection had been taken up, the congregation was very wide awake indeed.

The Middletown Transcript.

CHARLES H. VANDERFORD, EDWARD REYNOLDS, } Editors.

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 31st, 1872.

Democratic Nominations.

FOR CONGRESS,

CUSTIS W. WRIGHT.

FOR SHERIFF.

ISAAC GRUBB.

FOR CORONER.

DANIEL B. WOODWARD.

To Peach Growers.

The cause of the recent low price of fruit, in a year that the crop is not more than half of a full one, seems to be a difficult problem to the fruit growers. An examination of the matter would convince them that one cause is, the great concentration of the fruit. Ever since the shipment of peaches began, nine-tenths have been sent to New York, and as long as this is done prices will rule low. It is now too late in the season to remedy it, but while the matter is fresh in the minds of the growers, let them, as soon as possible, take some action for the future.

It is not alone the great amount which is centered in New York that has caused the price to be so low, but the condition in which the fruit arrives has something to do in the matter. We believe that better ventilation would assist materially in the preservation of the fruit, and the idea suggested by a correspondent, last week, of having the ends of the cars slatted, would be a large stride toward making the peach crop remunerative. Again, great care should be taken that nothing but good, sound fruit be sent to market. If out of twenty-five baskets ten baskets of prime fruit were culled, the ten baskets would pay the grower much better than the twenty-five, and the trouble would be much less. For instance, taking the prices of the present week, the twenty-five baskets, at sixty cents per basket, would bring $15; then, after deducting freight and commission, there would be $7.50 due the grower. The ten baskets of prime fruit would sell for $1.50 per basket, making $15, netting the grower, after expenses are paid, about $11.50. These estimates may not be exactly correct, but are safe, and show that ten baskets of prime fruit will pay the grower $4 more than twenty-five baskets of ordinary fruit. At this increase it would be a gain of $16 on one hundred baskets, $160 on a thousand baskets, and $1,600 on ten thousand baskets.

The fruit, also, should be distributed more. The route to the interior of Pennsylvania could be made to consume twenty carloads per day; a through route to Boston and other places in New England could be established, and home consumption could be greatly augmented. This latter assertion, probably, needs some explanation, and we will endeavor to present the subject in a better light:

If canneries and drying establishments can be successfully carried on and yield profits to the operators, in the cities, it is evident to all that they can be operated here at a greater remuneration. Establishments of these kinds here, in the very centre of the peach region, would prove a benefit to themselves and the growers alike. They could get fruit in a better condition and cheaper, and the growers would be enabled to sell ripe, or soft fruit, which would not do to ship.

It is conceded that a half of a crop of peaches will pay better than a full one; then, if such be the case, in a good season, that is when the trees are full, one half of the peaches sent to market bring the growers in debt. For instance, if 6,000 baskets will pay the grower $3,000, and 3,000 baskets bring the same price, the grower, by sending 6,000 baskets to market, loses the freight and commission on 3,000 baskets, amounting to about $900, besides the trouble of shipping them. If these 3,000 baskets were sold to a fruit preserving or canning establishment at twenty-five cents per basket they would bring $750, which, added to the $900 lost by shipping, would give a gain of $1,650.

Now, of course, one half of the fruit cannot be canned or preserved, but a great portion of it can. We have a preserving establishment here, which consumes a great deal of the soft fruit, which would either be sent to market and destroy the sale of other fruit, or be thrown away. If this establishment be enlarged, as is talked of, by having twelve evaporators instead of one, its capacity would be about five car-loads per day, which, in a season of forty days, would be 200 car-loads, or about 10,000 baskets. This establishment has been in operation only a little over a year, but it has fully demonstrated the fact that it will pay thirty per cent. on the capital [illegible]. We trust will be made this fall [illegible] company and enlarge it to [illegible] system of above, and we hope [illegible] will take hold of the en[illegible] are only the [illegible] fruit growers [illegible] 3 years from the peach crop is a failure, it can be employed as remuneratively on small fruits and vegetables.

In addition to this enterprise, we understand that, if arrangements can be made, a cannery on the peninsula will be moved to this place, the proprietor thinking that the fruit is better here, and the crop more certain than where he is now located. If such is done, we hope all will give him a cordial welcome, and assist him all they can. With both of these establishments here, the amount of fruit sent to New York would greatly diminish, and a home market would be established for unmarketable fruit.

Which is Which?

In these days of revolution in political parties, it is almost impossible for an impartial observer to draw a line of distinction between the opposing organizations.

Ulysses Grant, who until 1868, was an "unterrified" Democrat, and left that party only when the glittering prize of the Presidency was held out to him, is the acknowledged leader of the Republican party of 1872; and Horace Greeley, a life-long abolitionist and defamer of the Democracy, has become the standard bearer and Presidential candidate of that party.

Nor is this metamorphosis confined to the "heads of the families." Arrayed on the side of Grant as his ardent supporters, are Boutwell, Butler, Cresswell and Forney, old Democrats; the rebels Mosby, Forrest and others; and with them, Garrison, Philips, Wilson, Hale and other negro-equalitists. On the side of Greeley are gathered Banks, Weed, Trumbull, Stewart and Seward, Radical Republicans and impartial suffragists, together with many of the old Confederate leaders, and to crown all, Charles Sumner, the negro-equalitist, suffragist and socialist. Such a heterogeneous mixture of

Black spirits and white,
Red spirits and gray,

was never before known in the political history of the country. The two great parties, in the endeavor of each to out-do the other, have manœuvered until they have become so intermingled that, like the Irishman's twins, they don't know themselves apart, and we are in danger of enacting a "comedy of errors."

The Democratic Convention of the First Congressional District of Maryland, composed of delegates from Worcester, Wicomico, Somerset, Dorchester, Caroline, Talbot, Queen Anne's, and Kent, all the Eastern Shore counties except Cecil, which is in the Second District, met in Princess Anne on Wednesday, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congress. Almost every county in the District had its favorite to propose. Judge Wickes of Kent, Lloyd Filghman of Queen Anne's, E. K. Wilson of Somerset, W. J. Leonard of Worcester, Judge Stewart of Dorchester, F. J. Rider of Wicomico, and Mr. Fields of Caroline, were put in nomination. Seventy-one ballotings took place, and there was no choice, when, on the seventy-second ballot, Hon. Richard B Carmichael, of Queen Anne's, was put in nomination and declared the nominee by acclamation. The result, it is believed, will give great satisfaction throughout the district. Judge Carmichael, it will be remembered, is the Maryland judge who was torn from the bench while holding court by federal soldiers during the war, and carried off and imprisoned. He was, since the war, Speaker of the first Democratic House of Delegates elected in the State.

The New York World, in noticing the present of a box of peaches to Queen Victoria, from J. B. Fenimore, Esq. of this town, says:—"He would have done better to eat them himself. For, in the first place, England grows the most magnificent peaches in the world, and, in the second place, the business of sending American gifts to Queen Victoria was so enormously overdone many years ago that parcels from this side of the Atlantic have long been tabooed at Windsor and at Buckingham Palace. The only potentate who can be relied on to accept peaches in this way is etivates at Long Branch.

Wilmington holds her city election on Tuesday next. That city has always been the stronghold of Radicalism in this State; and to her has ever been due whatever success the Republicans have had in this county; and all the defeats of the Democracy, in past years, has been due to the same source. But we have been frequently informed, lately, by the Democratic papers of that city, that there is a great disaffection in the Republican ranks, and that there are great numbers of Liberals or Greeley-men there. If this be so, of course we may expect the election of the Citizens' or Coalition ticket, next week. If the Liberal movement is to do any good in Delaware it should begin in Wilmington.

The returns from the recent election in West Virginia are still incomplete. Accounts from all parts, however, fully confirm the ratification of the new Constitution by the popular vote, and the re-election of Governor Jacobs, the Independent candidate.

Local and State Affairs.

Minor Topics.

The Presbyterian Congregation of this town having put up a new fence around their parsonage, are still adding to the appearance of their property by having the iron fence repainted, which encloses the church.

Mr. J. V. Reardon, the Elkton horseman, sold last week, a fine Rattler mare, owned by Mr. Thomas C. Murphey, near this town, to a Philadelphia gentleman, for $500.

The Milford *News* says that the drouth has cut the corn crop very short all over the lower part of the peninsula. Sussex county is suffering extremely. Ex-Governor Ross has an eighty acre field, good in a fair season for seventy bushels per acre, that will not now produce twenty.

James B. Price, of Elkton, owns the largest hog on the peninsula. It is nearly two years old and now weighs 1,300 pounds. He has been offered, says the Cecil *Whig*, $500 for it.

Rev. George A. Phœbus has accepted the call tendered him by the Methodists of Smyrna.

Owing to the high freight rates on the railroad, many of the farmers at Laurel, Sussex county, have been hauling their fruit to Georgetown, a distance of from sixteen to twenty miles, and shipping to New York via. Lewes. About thirty cents a basket is saved by this route.

The time for holding the State Republican Convention has been changed by the Republican Central Committee from September 5th to September 10th.

John P. Belville, formerly one of the leading merchants of St. Georges, is now largely engaged in manufacturing tobacco, and employs several hands. Tobacco grows well in that vicinity.

The Blackbird Camp is progressing favorably, under the management of Revs. E. Miller and J. E. Smith. The attendance has not been large. The camp will continue over until Monday.

The new Government battery at Delaware City, on the shore, opposite Fort Delaware, is rapidly approaching completion. It will be stronger than the Fort, it is said.

Kirkwood is to have a handsome new station-house, 20 by 50 feet, one story high, with bracket projecture of 8 feet all around it.

William P. Howard, of Elkton, has sold 3000 watermelons and 1,600 canteloupes; the production of only 1 acre and ¼ of land.

Rev. C. P. Mallory, of Chesapeake City, fills the Presbyterian pulpit of Smyrna, next Sunday, and Rev. Dr. Thomas the M. E. pulpit.

The Democrats of Kenty County will hold their County Convention on the 12th of September.

The Republicans of New Castle county elected delegates to the State Convention last Saturday.

David W. Chandler of Pencader Hundred, commenced cutting up his corn last Friday. The stalks are large, and on many of them are two fine ears. He estimates that the yield will be about sixty bushels to the acre.

The prizes to be awarded at the St. Georges tournament will consist of a buggy worth $200, a set of harness valued at $60, and a new saddle and bridle.

Another Railroad Accident.

James Briggs, a colored man, who works on a farm over the Delaware Railroad bridge, was run over by the 1 A. M. train, from Wilmington, early on Monday morning near the Delaware Junction, and fatally injured. Briggs was drunk all day Sunday, and it is supposed that he was lying asleep on the track when run over. One leg was cut entirely off, and the other horribly crushed. One of his arms was also badly crushed, and he was otherwise cut and mangled. The conductor of the freight train waited until the express train from Baltimore, which arrives here at 1:40 A. M. came along, when he placed the injured man on board and sent him in to the depot. A physician was summoned, but declared that nothing could save Brigg's life. He died about 4 o'clock, A. M. Coroner Woodward held an inquest, and the jury rendered a verdict in accordance with the above facts.—*Gazette.*

Personal.

Our worthy dentist, Dr. Gilpin, is home again, having recovered from his severe attack of sickness, and is now ready to operate for his patients.

Miss Clara L. and Miss Mary E. Blackeston have gone to Thornton for a two week's visit.

General Heintzleman, with his wife and daughter, is now sojourning at the National Hotel in this town. The General is a native of Pennsylvania, and since he was fifteen years of age has belonged to the U. S. Army, having entered West Point at that age. After graduating he has been serving in different capacities, and reached the rank of General. He took an active part in the late unhappy strife, and is well known as a cavalry officer. Having been put on the retired list, he is without any special duty, and has come to Middletown to look at the peach orchards, and to get a glimpse of the great business of Delaware.

Fatal Accident at Armstrong's.

On Saturday last, an accident occurred on the railroad at Armstrong's, which terminated in the death of William Ray, a brakeman on the road. The cars were being shifted, and Ray was working at one of the brakes, when the train suddenly backed against the car on which he was standing. The shock coming rather unexpectedly, Ray was unprepared and fell off between the cars, and was run over by one of the cars, the wheels crushing one leg in a horrible manner. The wounded man was taken to Wilmington, and on Sunday his leg was amputated, but he was so badly injured he died a short time after.

List of Letters Remaining in the P. O.

Geo. P. Allobone, Frank Anderson, J. Alvin, Ruth Brown, Martha Burton, Prof. Charles F. Costen, Lucy Cuff, Richard Fisher, Jerry Fowler, Maria Gibbs, Lewis Carter, Lidia Harrison, Miss Hannah, Lemuel Jones (2), Henry Jones (col.), Mary E. Johnson, Thos. D. Lyon, John Lutwychz (2,) Thos. G. Lemmon, Jacob Rooker, John W. Redgrave, Magaret M. Wright, Jos. Roberson, Mary Pilz, Arty Freeman, D. B. Maloney, John H. Mone, C. H. Marshall, W. H. Myers, Wm. Martin, John Martin, Jas. McDowell, C. E. Whitney. Persons calling for these letters will please say they are advertised.

Delegates to Louisville.

At a meeting of straight-out Democrats, held in Wilmington, on Monday evening last, William Dean, Esq. and Dr. J. A. Brown were elected as delegates to represent New Castle county in the Louisville Convention, which meets on Tuesday next. We have not heard of any delegates from Kent and Sussex, but presume they will be represented by parties from some section of Delaware, as no doubt many Delawareans will be there.

New House.

Mr. Martin E. Walker has commenced the erection of a large dwelling house on his farm, just north of this town, on the main road leading from Middletown to Armstrong's. It is to be of brick, cottage style, and two and a-half stories high. The main building will be 38x32 feet, and the back building will be 22x18 feet. Nicholas Johnson, of Elkton, is to do the brick work, and John Morrison, of this town, the wood work.

Wilmington Election.

The election for Mayor and City Council of Wilmington will come off on Tuesday next, the 3d of September. Both parties are working hard, and before we again issue the *Transcript*, one or the other of the parties will have been victorious. Joshua L. Simms is the Democratic candidate for Mayor, and will poll the full vote of his party.

Middletown Immigration Society.

We are requested to give notice that a meeting of this Society will be held at the usual place, Orrilp's hotel, on Monday afternoon next, September 2nd, at 4 o'clock. Business of great importance, especially to those who have Swedes in their employ, will be brought before the Society. Let every member attend.

Remunerative.

Robert Cummins, Esq. of Smyrna, has a large pear orchard which pays him handsomely. A recent shipment of some Bartlets netted him over seven dollars a crate. In 1869 he sold some of the same variety for fifteen dollars a crate.

Grace Ann's Church.

The Rev'd Dr. McCabe, the Rector, will officiate morning and evening, D. V., to-morrow Morning service at 10½; evening service at a ¼ before 8 o'clock.

Peaches.

The peach business was somewhat retarded this week, by an accident on the railroad between here and New York, which caused much loss to the Growers, on account of not being able to get their fruit to market, and by the late arrival of empty cars. The accident occurred on the Junction Railroad, where it crosses the Reading road by means of an iron Bridge. A freight train consisting of twenty-eight cars, was passing over the bridge on Tuesday morning, when the fifteenth car jumped from the track, and striking the side of the bridge, knocked it off the abutments, and carrying the rest of the train down on the Reading track, twenty feet below. The disaster had hardly occurred when a train of ninety coal cars, fully laden, came running up to the bridge. The engineer and firemen jumped from the engine and escaped with their lives, though sustaining some slight injuries. In a moment more the coal train collided with terrific force with the huge pile of ruin which filled the chasm. The shock of the coal train threw twelve of its cars from the track, while ten of them were completely slashed and battered up, and lying piled upon each other. Their wreck was complete. In a few moments after the collision of the coal train a conflagration ensued, which destroyed all the cars that plunged into the chasm, with all their valuable merchandise and the locomotive. The latter was completely destroyed and lay piled upon the charred cars, the ruins of the bridge, and the cars of the New York train with dry goods.

One hundred workmen were set to work repairing the damage, and on Wednesday evening trains were running as usual.

This delay caused considerable pecuniary loss to the peach growers, and happened at a time when peaches were beginning to pay.

The largest shipment this year from this station was made on yesterday week, when thirty-four cars were sent off, being but two less than the greatest number in one day last year. Since then, the number has gradually decreased, and on Tuesday but thirteen were loaded. The heavy shipments are all over, yet the season will extend three weeks longer.

Prices are better now than they have been, and will increase as the season advances. On an average for the whole season, the crop will nett our growers from sixty cents to one dollar per basket. In this section where the crop is large, these prices will pay well.

Collins' Beach.

The season at this popular Delaware summer resort will close on Thursday next, the 5th of September. There will be a grand hop in the evening.

Thanks.

Our thanks are due to Father Villiger, of St. Francis Xavier, for a box of delicious grapes of the Delaware variety.

Delaware City.

A correspondent of the Wilmington *Commercial*, thus writes:

Work is progressing slowly upon the battery on the site purchased from Clement Reeves, opposite Fort Delaware. The wharf, under the superintendence of Dr. F. S. Dunlap, is rapidly approaching completion. Of the three piers upon which the wharf is to be built, two have been fixed in their respective positions, while a third will, in a few days, be finished. This will when finished, it is thought, be a stronger and more formidable fort than Fort Delaware, directly opposite.

A change is also going on over at Fort Delaware. The guns visible to the naked eye from either shore have been removed, and in their places huge magazines are visible, and we are informed a large 15 inch gun is placed in each casement.

The new dwelling mansion of Arthur Colburn, a short distance outside of the town on the road to Port Penn, will, when finished, be the most magnificent building of the kind in the State south of the canal. It will cost about $15,000. Isaac H. Tibbil is the carpenter.

Wm. H. H. Clark and A. M. Irving, the latter of Kirkwood, have formed a co-partnership, and are erecting large granaries here with the intention of going into the grain business. Mr. Irving will shortly remove to Delaware City. The third story of the granaries will be used as a hall for the meeting of societies.

Never within the recollection of the oldest inhabitant has there been such a fine crop of apples as now loads the trees in this vicinity. Every apple tree, whether of the grafted or natural variety, is laden, and what is more remarkable the apples are perfect, without disease or blemish.

Although there are many peaches shipped from here, the shipments don't compare with the bygone days when the Clarks and Reybolds were the champion "peach growists" of Delaware. Pears and other small fruits are abundant, but prices are not very remunerative.

The wheat crop about here is said never to have been much better than the present season, the general average being from 20 to 28 bushels per acre. Corn looks magnificently; farmers say the prospect was never more favorable.

Potatoes are not so prolific compared with other crops, but with the recent rains a large crop may be expected.

"Rock" is the name of a sagacious dog owned by George A. Clark. Everybody knows Rock, and Rock knows everybody, and he knows exactly whom to ask for a penny. He will go up to his friends, look into their faces, and with his paw tap them on the pocket, as much as to say please give me a penny. The coin placed on the tip of Rock's nose, he quietly waits until one, two, three is counted, and when three is mentioned he adroitly catches the penny in his mouth and starts off to the butcher's where he exchanges his money for meat. Sometimes he goes to a neighboring store and purchases crackers, but if not honestly dealt with, he will not visit the store again. Rock once begged a two cent coin from one of his friends, went to the butcher's and got the worth of it in meat. After eating the meat he returned to the butcher shop and finding his two cent piece still lying there, he hastily picked it up, and went to a grocer's and exchanged it for crackers. This last circumstance shows that Rock would be a little trickey if he had an opportunity.

THE ARCTIC EXPEDITION.—Advices have been received at the Navy Department in Washington from Captain Hall, of the United States steamer Polaris. He states that the progress of the expedition had been favorable; that he had engaged the services of a professional dog-driver; that he had full supplies for several years on the vessel, and announces his final departure from Tessae on Tus-see-issak, Greenland, the most northern civilized settlement of the world. His letter is dated August 24. We quote: "Now 1:30 P. M. the anchor of the Polaris has just been weighed, and not again will it go down till, as I trust and pray, a higher, a far higher, latitude has been attained than ever before by civilized man."

Political Notes.

A number of straight-out Democrats, including Senator Stockton, of New Jersey; Henry Thompson, of Pennsylvania; J. R. Gilbert, of Kentucky; Wilson H. Curtis, of Ohio, and Henry Williamson, of Maryland, met at Long Branch on Monday, to hear the report of the Executive Committee appointed by the conference held at Long Branch last June.

After the reading of a long report, a speech by the chairman, J. R. Gilbert, and the passage of a series of resolutions, the following were appointed delegates to the Louisville Convention, and instructed to support Charles O'Connor as the nominee for the Presidency: Horace Black, of Delaware; Harry R. Williamson, Robert Preston, and Edgar Jerold, of Maryland; Henry Thompson and John Applegate, of Pennsylania; Richard Henderson, of West Virginia; Wilson Perry, of New Jersey; J. R. Gilbert, of Kentucky; Rufus Rogers, and Theobald Davies, of Ohio; Chas. Martin, George Gulden, and Jas. O'Brien, of New York.

A demonstration in honor of Andrew Johnson was held at Nashville on Saturday night last. About 10,000 persons were present. After a torchlight procession, a mass meeting was held in front of the Court House, and Andrew Johnson was nominated for Congressman-at-large, and W. G. Brien for Congress from the Nashville District. Mr Johnson made a speech accepting his nomination, and saying that he would stump the State, and invite opposition to all the Convention nominees.

Mr. Benjamin Wood, the editor of the New York *Evening News*, has manifested his faith in the success of Greeley and Brown by wagering $10,000 that Horace Greeley will be elected the next President of the United States. It has been stated by Grant organs that a General Hillyer, a Grant man, has taken the above bet. This is not true, and the sum mentioned still remains deposited at the office of the *News* waiting for the man who believes $10,000 worth that Grant will be his own successor.

Mr Charles O'Connor in reply to the question formally asked him if he would become the candidate of the Liberals and Democrats for Governor of the State of New York, replied that he did not seek the nomination, but if nominated he would accept. He added that in any event he would have nothing to do with Blanton Duncan and his so-called straight-outers.

Much disappointment is experienced at the discovery that Congress omitted to make an appropriation to pay for the postal cards. Applications for more than two millions of them had been made to the Department, and some twenty-five proposals had been made by manufacturers to supply them when the designs were determined.

The Inter Ocean on Thursday published the following letter from Chas. O'Conor:

New York, August 27, 1872.—My Dear Sir; I was and am in favor of the Louisville movement. Even the mere profession of adherence to democratic ideas must soon disappear, if without our marked dissent the party can be transferred to its deadliest foe. CHARLES O'CONOR.

The Schoeppe-Steinnecke Murder.

The new trial of Dr. Paul Schoeppe for the murder of Miss Steinnecke, three years since, commenced at Carlisle, Pennsylvania, on Wednesday morning.

The history, briefly, of this extraordinary case is as follows: The first trial of Paul Schoeppe was commenced in this court, before Judges Graham, Stuart and Blair, on the 24th of May, 1869, and was concluded on the 3d of June, having occupied ten days. The indictment charged Paul Schoeppe with administering poisonous substances to Miss Steinnecke, on the 27th of January, 1869, from which she died the next day. Miss Steinnecke was a maiden lady, about sixty-five years of age, a resident of Baltimore city, who while upon a visit to Carlisle was attended by Paul Schoeppe, who professed to be a physician, who won her confidence by his attentions, and obtained from her a large sum of money. On the trial circumstantial evidence was offered to prove that she died by poison administered by Schoeppe. Professor Aikin testified that he found traces of arsenic in her stomach after death. Miss Steinnecke made a will on the 17th of November, 1868, which was admitted to probate in the Orphan's Court of Baltimore, the day after her funeral in that city. A few hours afterwards Paul Schoeppe filed a will in the same court, purporting to have been executed by Miss M. M. Steinnecke on the 3d of December, 1868. The will was in the handwriting of Schoeppe, and was witnessed by Schoeppe's father, who then resided in Carlisle. The will bequeathed to Paul Schoeppe the entire estate of the deceased, estimated to be over $50,000. The friends of the deceased declared the will a forgery, and no attempt has ever been made to prove it.

The result of the trial was a verdict of guilty of murder. A motion for a new trial was made and overruled. A petition to the Supreme Court for a writ of error was dismissed. Governor Geary issued a warrant for Schoeppe's execution on the 23d of December, 1869. A writ of error was subsequently granted, and after argument the Supreme Court affirmed the judgment of the court below. The prisoner's counsel then procured the passage of a general act by the Legislature of Pennsylvania which made it the duty of the Supreme Court to examine all the law and the facts of the case when a writ of error is sued out.

The Supreme Court decided in May, 1870, that the act could not be *ex post facto* in its operation, and declined to hear the case. Governor Geary had refused to pardon the prisoner, but declined to fix another day for his execution. The counsel for Schoeppe next procured the passage by the next Legislature of a special act, giving the Court of Quarter Sessions the power to grant a new trial in the case, and a new judge having been elected in the meantime, he granted the motion for a new trial, which was commenced on Wednesday, it being over three years since the first trial took place.

Items of News.

Reports received in London of the condition of cereals in France are favorable. The crops are pronounced to be very good in forty-two departments, good in thirty-seven, passable in six, good in Corsica and excellent in Algeria. Yet the estimates of the probable yield in America and Eastern Europe indicate that those countries cannot furnish the customary supplies of breadstuffs, and that England and Italy will require more than usual. The export from France may possibly exceed ten millions hectolitres, but it is feared that the increase of French taxes on foreign bottoms will have a bad effect on commerce and restrict the facility of transportation.

The general meeting of the shareholders of the Suez Canal Company was held in Paris on July 31st. There were five hundred and eight shareholders present, representing 61,130 shares and 2,173 votes. The proposition for the maintenance of the increased rate of tolls was adopted by a vote of 1,410 affirmative against 669 negative votes. The estimated revenue for 1872 amounts to $4,400,000, yielding a net profit of $1,310,000. During the first six months of 1872 eight hundred and eighty-seven vessels passed through the canal, paying in tolls $1,418,800, an increase of 45 per cent. over the preceding six months.

The Third National Bank of Baltimore was robbed last week, the burglars effecting an entrance through the wall of an adjoining building, where they had rented an office for the purpose of conducting the commission business. The bank loses $57,000 in greenbacks and National bank notes, railroad bonds to the amount of $17,000, and $1500 in Five-twenties. The losses of individual depositors having boxes in the vault are not known, but may amount to several hundred thousand dollars. The thieves were Englishmen, and were supplied with the best set of tools ever seen in this country.

The national debt of England amounts to $3,884,305,335, the annual interest on which, at 3 per cent would be $116,529,160. The highest point this debt has ever reached was at the conclusion of the wars growing out of the French revolution and the fall of Napoleon. At that time it reached $4,000,000,000. The creditors of the British government are for the most part residents of the country, and consequently the taxation required to pay the interest on her debt goes back again to her people without any exhaustion of national wealth.

Late dates from Lima bring particulars of a bloody revolution in Peru on July 22d, during which the most terrible scenes were enacted. Balta, the President, was murdered in cold blood. The principal part of the fighting was in Callao, and between that city and Lima, during which some two hundred men were killed. Finally the revolution was suppressed; the ringleaders were first hanged, and afterwards their bodies were saturated with kerosene oil and burned on the plaza in front of the Cathedral.

Accounts from Indian Bay, Arkansas, say that no rain has fallen in that section for seven weeks, and that the cotton crop will not yield more than a third of the usual average. Planters from West Tennessee and Northern Mississippi report at Memphis that the drought is causing cotton to rust and shed, and unless they have rain very soon the crop will be a failure. Reports to Little Rock from "all sections" state that the present drought has injured the cotton crop at least one third.

According to dispatches from Geneva, the Tribunal has, in principle, settled the main question before it, that of indemnity, and has also determined, approximately, the amount of the award. This, it is believed, will be between three and four millions of pounds sterling. Other claims are yet unsettled, among them the question of the payment of interest, which has not yet been approached, but will be considered at the session of next Thursday.

A statement comes from New Orleans that the debt of Louisiana at this time is under sixty millions of dollars, whereas the State debt, proper and contingent, accumulating for forty years up to and including 1867, was a trifle over fifteen millions; also that there has been an increase in the city debt of New Orleans of ten millions in the last four years.

Some days ago two desperadoes, named McClelland and Wright, got into a quarrel at Hays City, Kansas, in which Wright was killed and McClelland badly wounded. McClelland was placed in jail and chained to a post with "Pony" Donovan, a noted horse-thief. On the second night after the murder a band of citizens visited the jail and killed both McClelland and Donovan.

The South Carolina Radical Convention completed its ticket on Saturday by the nomination of Cardozo, mulatto, for Treasurer; Hodge, from Ohio, Comptroller General; Purvis, mulatto, for Adjutant General, and Wilson, from Massachusetts, for Superintendent of Public Instruction.

A special despatch from Sedalia says the straight out Democrats held a meeting at Clinton, Mo. on Friday, at which a straight-out club was organized, with forty-seven members. Resolutions were adopted favoring the Louisville Convention.

It was reported in New York yesterday that leading Democrats have agreed to propose Charles O'Connor as a candidate for Governor of the State, at the approaching Democratic Convention at Syracuse.

Returns from 33 counties in West Virginia give Jacobs, Independent, for Governor, nearly 6000 majority. The new Constitution is in doubt. Davis, Independent, is elected to Congress from the Wheeling District by about 500 majority.

Robert Lincoln, son of President Lincoln, is strongly for Greeley. In conversation recently with a bosom friend of his father, he remarked "if father was living he would take an active part for Greeley."

The fires in the timber east of the mountains of Utah are still raging furiously, and are very disastrous to the interests of the Territory.

In Philadelphia, on Saturday afternoon, the Baltimore Nine beat the Athletics, by a score of 12 to 8.

Immense herds of cattle from Texas are passing Salt Lake City westward.

North Carolina Election.

The Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune says:

"The election in North Carolina took place the first of August. The Vanderbilt, a steamer not now engaged in the Washington trade, was brought here under a temporary commander for special service. The berths and best furniture were removed, and a contract made for a trip to Norfolk and return, with as many "passengers" as could be stowed away. Five hundred dollars in greenbacks were paid down by a colored man for the round trip, who was put forward to make the bargain and conceal his employers. Between 500 and 600—some say 700—men composed the party. Not a woman was of the crowd. The Vanderbilt left Washington on the evening of the 27th of July, four days before the election in North Carolina, and returned here on the morning of the 4th of August, three days after the election—the voyage thus consumed 7½ days. Cotemporaneously with this incident, large numbers of negroes employed by contractors of the Board of Public Works mysteriously disappeared, and reappeared when the Vanderbilt returned. A poor attempt has been made to explain this migration of repeaters by calling it a "religious excursion!" That thin disguise has deceived nobody. Whoever heard of a negro "excursion," religious or social, extending over such a length of time, and without the presence of the female element, which always predominates on such occasions?

It also appears that about 200 repeaters were transported by railroad, taking a different route into North Carolina. A force of 800 or 900 was thus scattered by a preconcerted plan, and North Carolina "returned" for the Grant Candidate. These trained mercenaries are now to be thrown into Pennsylvania and utilized there for a similar purpose. The money for this and other corruptions will be furnished from the Treasury, under the fraudulent devices which have already been employed, without stint or scruple.

Indian councils have been held within the last few days in nearly all the territories, but they have resulted in nothing. The Indians were willing to receive all the presents the United States sent them, professed peaceable intentions, and departed for their different tribes. The character of some of these councils, and the reasons why the Indians are discontented, can be judged from the following. On the 18th and 20th of this month a commission from the Government met the Ute Indians in council. These Indians own about four millions of acres of land, secured by a treaty of 1868, adjoining New Mexico on south and Utah on the West:

"In a portion of this large tract lie the San Juan mines, which are now being prospected by numerous white settlers against the desire of the Indians. The treaty contemplated is to declare this southern portion of the Territory of Colorado open for pre-emption and settlement by the whites, a majority of the bands of Utes concurring. The Indians are to be provided for elsewhere in case they are willing to treat."

A large amount of goods have been purchased to distribute at the council, and whisky, of course, will not be wanting. Before the Utes comprehend what they have been tricked into doing, they will probably find their lands alienated. Then will ensue bitter feelings of having been robbed, enmity to the whites, and another case of Indian aggression.

DIED.

In Washington, D. C. on the 21st inst. William Corbit, infant son of Thomas N. and Mary V. Sneadam, and grandson of Robert Cohen, aged 7 months and 11 days.

On the 21st inst. near Lewisville, Pa. Mary B. only child of Cuthbert S. and C. Harriet Hayes, aged 10 months and 9 days.

Of appoplexy, at Upland, Pa. on Saturday, the 24th inst. Mrs. Mary A. Wall, formerly of Sassafras, Md. in the 47th year of her age.

In this town, on Saturday, the 24th inst. about half-past 2 o'clock, Frank Horn, infant son of Joseph W. and Mary L. Gary, aged 7 months and 11 days.

Our Frankie is dead, His troubles are o'er,
He is now with the Angels in Heaven above,
May we prepare to meet him there,
And reign with our Saviour of Goodness and Love. H. V.

NOTICE.

MR. P. T. E. Smith has arranged for an EXCURSION to leave Wilmington, Del,

THURSDAY, SEPT. 12th, 1872,

via P. W. & B. R. R. to MAUCH CHUNK, and around the famous Switchback R. R. returning to Wilmington on the evening of the same day at 10½ o'clock.

Fare for the round trip - - - $4.50.

Parties living on the line of P. W. & B and Del. railroads, who purchase tickets for the Excursion, will have an order sent them to get their tickets to Wilmington and return, (good for three days) at two-third's fare.

Orders by mail promptly attended to by
BOUGHMAN, THOMAS & CO.
421 Market St. Wilmington, Del.

aug 31—2w

$5 Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, residing near Townsend, Del. on Tuesday, the 13th inst. Abraham Lake, an indentured white boy. He is 5 feet 3 inches high, 15 years old, and is of a fair complexion. He had on, at the time he left, a Scotch cap, with a red band. All persons are forbid harboring, him on penalty of the law. The above reward will be paid for information concerning his whereabouts.

aug 31—3w* D. SALMON.

FOR RENT,

A COMFORTABLE SEVEN ROOM DWELLING on Main street, Middletown, Del.

Possession given at once. Apply to
aug 31—2w* E. M. HANSON.

For Sale,

A Thorough-bred Alderney BULL, and a good MILCH COW. Apply to
SAMUEL FENIMORE,
aug 31—1m* Odessa, Del.

NOTICE.

PERSONS indebted to the late firm of John A. Reynolds & Sons, are requested to settle their accounts without delay, as it is necessary to have the business settled.

E. REYNOLDS,
Aug. 18—tf. Attorney.

The Middletown Transcript

IS PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY

By Vanderford & Reynolds.

TERMS—$2.00 a year, payable in advance. No paper discontinued until so ordered, except at the option of the publisher.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.—Advertisements of 10 lines or less will be inserted twice for $1 00, and 25 cents for each additional insertion. Business cards, $10 per year. One-quarter of a column, 3 months, $8; 6 months, $15; one year, $25. One-half of a column, 3 months, $16; 6 months, $30; one year, $50. One column, one year, $100. Business Locals, 10 cents a line for each insertion. Marriages and Deaths inserted free. Obituaries charged for at regular advertising rates.

On Hand Again.

Charles Adams, known as "Cool Spring Charley," "Charley at the Glass House," &c. is on hand again at his old place on Main street, and engaged in a general trading business. He is now paying the highest cash price for old iron, rags, &c. and will soon engage in the oyster business.

The quarrel between the two wings of the Grant Republican faction in South Carolina has, thus far, proved irreconcilable. It is a contest over the further plunder that rogues can extort from an impoverished State. South Carolina is bankrupt; her people are ruled by scalawags and carpet-baggers; her asylums and hospitals are closed for want of the funds that have been stolen from her treasury, and her whole political and social fabric is in a condition of anarchy. There is no present hope of her redemption from the adherents of the present Administration. There is, in fact, every reason to believe that General Grant and his advisers look with satisfaction upon the deplorable situation to which South Carolina has been brought, and consider it but a just retribution for the part she took in the late war. No reconciliation, no peace, no closing of the "bloody chasm" is desired by them. It would be a grudging service to them to be compelled to assist in delivering the State from the hands of those who are tormenting her and preying upon her substance.

THE MAINE ELECTION.—"The Democrats and Liberals," says the *World*, "are not fighting to carry the State, but only to reduce the Grant majority. The Maine election is of little consequence except in its bearing on the Presidential contest. Maine is a strong and steady Republican State. Sanguine supporters of Mr. Greeley may perhaps persuade themselves that Maine can be fully redeemed from the Radicals in the approaching election; but we have no such chimerical expectation.

We adhere to our habitual sobriety of judgment, preferring to see things as they are rather than as they appear to sanguine partisans whose hopes and passions overmaster their judgment. All that *we* expect to accomplish in Maine on the 9th of September is to cut down the Radical majority. We are confident we shall do that. We are confident that we shall do it to such an extent as to demonstrate the impossibility of Grant's re-election if the Radical losses throughout the country are in proportion to their losses in Maine."

Judge George Hoodley of Cincinnati, one of the original movers in the liberal republican movement, addressed a meeting on August 23, on the question of Grant or Greeley. The Judge said he should have preferred to vote for Adams, Trumbull, Cox, Chase or Groesbeck, but the choice was now between Grant or Greeley, and he could not support Greeley.

The family of Charles Francis Adams have, it is stated, received a letter from him in which he says he will not consent to be a candidate for Governor of Massachusetts, that he does not sympathize with the Greeley movement, and regards the re-election of President Grant essential to the best interests of the country.

THE MARKETS.

MIDDLETOWN MARKET.

Wheat	$1 55
Corn,	55@56
Oats	38
Timothy Seed	4 00
Clover "	6 50
Eggs	22 cts. ₱ doz.
Butter	30@35 cts. ₱ lb.
Lard	9@10 " "
Pork	6@7 " "
Potatoes, new	$1.00@$1 25 ₱ bus.
Turkeys	16@18 ₱ lb.
Ducks	16@18 ₱ lb.
Spring Chickens	15@18 ₱ lb.
Geese	10@12 ₱ lb.

PHILADELPHIA.

Prime red wheat	$1.65@1.70
Corn, yellow	61
Oats (Pennsylvania)	43
Cloverseed	$7 50
Timothy	4 75

TO FARMERS.

WE call your attention to the following statement made by two of the most prominent farmers in this locality. We hope that the wheat raisers in this section will study their interest and give this Guano a trial. The Guano can be obtained on the most reasonable conditions from J. B. FOARD, Middletown, and C. Watkins, Odessa.

MIDDLETOWN, Del. July 15th, 1872.

Messrs. John S. Reese & Co. Philadelphia.

Gentlemen:—I purchased from your Agent, Mr. J. B. Foard, of this town, several tons of your Pacific Guano last spring, and applied it to my corn at the rate of one hanfull to three hills. I have been farming from three to six hundred acres of land for the past fourteen years, and during that time have used a great deal of Phosphate and Guano of various kinds, but yours has done more good up to the present than any I ever tried. I left out some lands without any Guano, and *now* they don't look as though they would make much more than half as much corn as where I applied the Guano. If you will only keep up the standard of your fertilizer, I am sure you can sell a vast amount here.

Yours truly, E. R. COCHRAN.

Messrs. John S. Reese & Co. Philadelphia.

DR. SIRS:—I have been induced by your Agent at Middletown, Mr. J. B. Foard, to try the merits of your PACIFIC GUANO on corn this spring, and I cheerfully testify that the results have far exceeded my expectations.

I consider that your Guano is the best Fertilizer I have used, and my experience has not been in any way limited. I shall make liberal use of it on future crops, and shall use it this fall on wheat. J. B. FENIMORE, Middletown, Del.

Aug. 24—tf.

VICTOR GREEN,

Attorney at Law,

OFFICE ADJOINING HIS RESIDENCE, N. BROAD ST.

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE,

July 2—y

BUSINESS LOCALS.

A large assortment of Trusses, Braces and Supporters for sale and properly fitted by a physician, at CHAMBERLAINE'S DRUG STORE.

Great Bargains in Spring and Summer Dress Goods, at the Large Brick Corner Store by S. M. REYNOLDS

Call and examine the large assortment of 12½ ct. Lawns, for sale by S. M. REYNOLDS.

Japanese Poplins at 25, 30, 35, and 40 cts. S. M. REYNOLDS.

Plain, Black and Striped Grenadines at 18, 20, 22, 25, 30 and 35 cts. S. M. REYNOLDS.

No. 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel, in bbls. and half bbls., and Portland Herring by the bbl., selling at reduced prices. S. M. REYNOLDS.

Grass, Grain and Briar Scythes and Sneaths, Hay, Straw and Manure Forks in large assortment, at manufactures' prices, by S. M. REYNOLDS.

2,000 lbs. Rock Salt, in Store and for sale by S. M. REYNOLDS.

NOTICE.

To our customers, and fruit growers generally, we would say:—Having been creditably informed that some parties were circulating a report, that our peach trees were not reliable, as our varieties were badly mixed, as we cut several sorts and put all together, and bud from them, regardless of the mixture, that we take buds from trees that have the yellows, &c.

We would inform those interested that our stock is budded mostly from healthy bearing trees, and the buds taken off when the fruit is on them, and which we know to be correct. When we get buds from other Nurseries, in all cases, we get them from the most reliable parties in the business, and all buds are cut under our own personal observation, and no buds, that there is a question about their genuineness are used, but rejected at once. No buds from diseased trees are used on any consideration. We use natural seed for stock, and spare no pains or expense in making our trees as fine as can be grown, and all we ask, is a trial of our trees to prove them as represented. Having had upwards of twenty years experience in the Nursery business, we can with confidence say, we believe, we can grow trees &c., with correctness, and satisfaction to all who may favor us with their patronage.

KELLY & GUILD,
Middletown Nurseries,
Middletown, Del.

HENRY BOWER,

Manufacturing Chemist,

Gray's Ferry Road, Philadelphia,

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE

POTASH SALTS FOR MANURE,

Sulphate of Ammonia for Manure,

ALSO,

SOLE PROPRIETOR AND MANUFACTURER OF

BOWERS' omplete Manure,

MADE FROM

Super-Phosphate of Lime, Ammonia and Potash.

This Fertilizer is being prepared this season with special reference to the Wheat Crop. The Super-Phosphate of Lime contained in it is of very high grade, having been imported by the manufacturer direct from England, where the average crop of Wheat is 50 Bushels to the acre.

In substantial bags of 200 lbs. each.

Depots: 139 S. Water St. Phila. 10 South St. Baltimore.

march 23—3ms 3mf

A GREAT BARGAIN!!

THE UNDERSIGNED WISHING TO DISCONTINUE MERCHANDISING,

OFFER A RARE BARGAIN IN A FINE LOCALITY FOR BUSINESS, CONSISTING OF

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HATS, CAPS &c.

☞ *Call and examine our Stock.*

COMEGYS & BRO.,
Kennedyville, Kent County, Md.

Aug. 17—tf.

MIDDLETOWN ACADEMY

FIRST CLASS

BOARDING

AND

DAY SCHOOL.

☞ Fall Session begins SEPTEMBER 9th.

☞ For full information relating to the school send for a Catalogue.

HUDSON A. WOOD, A. M.,
Principal,
Middletown, Del.

July 6—tf.

FOR SALE!

ABOUT 2000 gallons of pure CIDER VINEGAR. Apply to J. B. FENIMORE, Middletown, Del. or SAMUEL FENIMORE, Odessa, Del.

July 6—tf.

FOR RENT.—TWO HOUSES ON ANDERSON ST., MIDDLETOWN, DEL. Possession given 25th of March. Apply to ROBT. A. COCHRAN.

mar 2—tf

ATTLEBOROUGH FRIEND'S INSTITUTE, FOR

YOUNG MEN AND BOYS,

ATTLEBOROUGH, BUCKS CO. PA.,

WILL be opened on the 16th, of September, 1872, for the reception of Pupils. Whole expense per quarter, of fourteen weeks, $71.00. Send for a Circular.

J. H. GROVES, Principal,
Attleborough,
Bucks County, Pa.

July 20—3m.

TOURNAMENT!

A Tournament will be held at or near Saint Georges, New Castle county, Del, on the

FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER, 1872.

Any gentlemen desirous of riding, who have never participated in one, can receive full particulars by applying to E. W. JESTER, Secretary.

Aug. 17—2w.

FOR RENT.

A Large Second story Room, corner of Main and Scott streets, lately occupied by Dr. Dunning as an office. Apply to him at his office on Broad Street, or to D. L. Dunning, at the Post Office.

Aug. 17—tf.

BAUGH'S

RAW BONE SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME,

Standard highly improved and warranted.

Price, $45.00 per 2000 lbs., Cash.

☞ New Works now in operation. ☜

☞ New Material used in manufacturing. ☜

The fire which destroyed our works on the 9th, of April, caused only a temporary delay.

We warrant the standard of our Raw Bone Phosphate to be of a higher grade than before.

No consignments will be made under any circumstances.

It is not certain we can continue to sell at our present reduced price *owing to the advance in Raw Material.*

☞ We thank our customers and friends generally for their continued trade and increased orders.

We can also furnish our

GROUND RAW BONE,

WARRANTED PURE,

At $45.00 per 2000 lbs., cash.

Orders for fall trade are requested to be sent in as early as possible.

BAUGH & SONS,

No. 20 South Delaware Ave. Philadelphia

July 20—tf.

WESTERN MARYLAND COLLEGE

For Students of both sexes in Distinct Departments, Westminster, Md.

THIS Institution is under the special patronage of the Maryland Annual Conference of the Methodist Protestant Church, but is strictly free from any sectarianism, either in its Course of Study or Rules of Discipline. Male and female students recite in separate classes, but all have the advantage of instruction from every Professor having charge of the studies pursued.

The Vice-Principal, Rev. Dr. Nichols, the Preceptress (Miss Hance) and several other members of the Faculty reside in the college building and have constant oversight of the boarding students. The Course of Study is *thorough*, under a competent corps of thirteen Instructors. The Ninth Semi-Annual Session will begin September 3d, 1872.

EXPENSES, PER SESSION OF 21 WEEKS.

Boarding, Lodging, Washing, Fuel and Light	$90 00
Tuition in Preparatory Department	17 50
Tuition in Collegiate "	30 00
Instruction in Music (with use of instruments)	25 00
Matriculation Fee, (payable on entering Collegiate Department.)	5 00

No extra charges for any study in the regular course. For Catalogues, address

J. T. WARD D. D., President,
WESTMINSTER, MD.

July 27—6w.

Register's Order.

REGISTER'S OFFICE,
New Castle County, July 25th, 1872.

Upon the application of Thomas J. Craven, Administrator C. T. A of Samuel Jefferson, late of Saint Georges Hundred, in said county, deceased; it is ordered and directed by the Register that the Administrator, C. T. A., aforesaid, give notice of the granting of Letters of Administration upon the estate of the deceased, with the date of granting thereof, by causing advertisements to be posted within forty days from the granting of such Letters, in six of the most public places of the county of New Castle, requiring all persons having demands against the Estate to present the same, or abide by an Act of Assembly in such case made and provided. And also cause the same to be inserted within the same period in the MIDDLETOWN TRANSCRIPT, a newspaper published in Middletown, and to be continued therein two months.

L.S. Given under the hand and Seal of Office of the Register aforesaid, at New Castle, in New Castle county aforesaid, the day and year above written. B. GIBBS, Register.

NOTICE.—All persons having claims against the Estate of the deceased must present the same, duly attested, to the Administrator, on or before July 25th, 1873, or abide the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided.

THOMAS J. CRAVEN, Adm. C. T. A.
Address—St. Georges, Del.

aug 3—2m

JONA. BIGELOW & CO.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FOR THE SALE OF

Fruit and Produce,

NO. 23 NORTH MARKET ST.

BOSTON.

☞ It has a Transfer Agent in New York.

W. P. PHILLIPS, Agent,
Milford, Del.

REFERENCES.

Nathan Robbins, Pres't Faneuil Hall National Bank, Boston.
Joshua Loring, President Blackstone National Bank, Boston.
Jonas Hallstram & Co., 85 Dey Street, New York.
A. B. Detwiler, Corner Front and Spruce Sts. Philadelphia.
Davis Warner & Co., 232 South Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia.

July 27—2m*

WILTBERGER'S

Flavoring Extracts

are warranted equal to any made. They are prepared from the *fruits*, and will be found *much better* than many of the *Extracts* that are sold. *Ask your Grocer or Druggist for Wiltberger's Extracts*

BARLOW'S INDIGO BLUE

Is, without doubt, the best article in the market for bluing clothes. It will color more water than four times the same weight of indigo, and much more than any other wash blue in the market. the only genuine is that put up at ALFRED WILTBERGER'S DRUG STORE, No. 233 North Second St. Philadelphia, Pa. The labels have both Wiltberger's and Barlow's name on them, *all others are counterfeit*. For sale by most grocers and druggists.

WILTBERGER'S INDELIBLE INK will be found on trial to be a superior article. Always on hand, and for sale at reasonable prices, Pure Ground Spices, Genuine Medicines, Chamois Skins Sponges, Tapioca, Pearl, Sago, and all articles in the drug line, at

ALFRED WILTBERGER'S DRUG STORE, No. 233 North Second St. Philadelphia, Pa.

July 3, 1871—1y

Ercildoun and Coatesville Nurseries,

COATESVILLE, PA.

[Late LUKENS PIERCE, Proprietor.]

GENERAL SPECIALTIES

APPLE,

PEACH,

PEAR and

CHERRY TREES.

PRICES LOW. STOCK FINE.

DEALING SQUARE.

☞ Correspondence solicited. ☜

CYRUS COATES, }
M. J. FULTON, } Adm'rs.

aug 10—3m

FARMS FOR SALE!!

Conveniently located near Railroads, Rivers and Canals; of excellent soils, generally well improved, and sold on reasonable terms.

No. 1—A farm situated in Cecil county, Maryland, containing 343½ acres, with large brick buildings, in excellent repair; beautiful residence; 2 boats running daily to Baltimore and Philadelphia; soil of excellent quality and well improved; 4,000 peach trees, 4 years old—will have abundant crop this year. The farm is under good hedges and fencing.

No. 2—A farm situated 3 miles from Elkton and one from canal, known as "Foord Farm," containing 400 acres; buildings excellent; soil well improved and under good hedges; splendid 4 year old peach orchard—will produce 10,000 baskets this year; the farm will compete in corn, wheat and grass with any farm on the peninsula; will divide elegantly; very healthy location, and the owner requests me to say that this is one of the finest farms in the State.

No. 3—A farm of 22 acres, ¼ mile from Elkton, Md.; soil excellent for truck.

No. 4—A farm of 197 acres, one mile from McDonough, adjoining land of George W. Karsner, known as the "Jesse Higgins Farm;" buildings fair; 40 acres in peach trees and 5 acres in apples, all in bearing. This is a very desirable residence. Terms accommodating.

No. 5—A farm two miles from St. Georges, lying on the north side of the canal, ¼ mile from the station, containing 108 acres; six hedged enclosures; buildings good; soil excellent; 2,000 peach trees, three years old; also other fruits in abundance. This farm is known as the Allstan property.

No. 6—A farm of 111 acres adjoining No. 5, with which it will compare favorably. These farms will be sold jointly or separately.

No. 7—A farm of 550 acres, on Bohemia Manor, known as the Sluyter property; the best soil on the peninsula. This is a good chance for a man of means.

No. 8—A farm of 160 acres, within one mile of Middletown, and well located for a nursery farm; 36 acres in peaches; soil good; buildings fair.

No 11—A farm of 330 acres 1½ miles from Mt. Pleasant, only to be seen to be appreciated. A very rare chance.

No 12—A farm of 165 acres, within two miles of Middletown; soil good, well hedged and located; very desirable property; excellent dwelling.

No. 13—A farm of 225 acres, near Locust Grove, Md.; 6,000 4-year-old peach trees; soil good, and buildings in excellent repair. Price low and terms very accommodating.

No. 15—A farm of 145 acres, situated in Appoquinimink Hundred, two miles from Townsend on the Delaware railroad; buildings worth $5,000; 80 acres clear. Price, $5,000—very cheap.

No. 21—Three acres of land in Warwick, under good fencing, in fair condition and well set in grass. Price, $375.

No. 22—A farm of 4,280 acres, beautifully situated on Delaware Bay, known as Bombay Hook, containing 4,280 acres, 300 upland, 950 improved meadow, 120 are in peaches, 150 in corn, 185 in wheat, balance in grass; the unimproved meadow could be easily reclaimed, having no river bank, and every acre by an energetic man could be made worth $100 with little expense; the upland is worth the amount asked as truck soil; cannot be surpassed, and would furnish thousands of tons of hay; there are steamboats leaving the farm every day for Philadelphia, and there are advantages of fish, oysters and gunning of much profit; there are three sets of buildings, and would divide elegantly, having nine miles of river front, and will be exchanged in part for city property; price $50,000, terms accommodating.

No. 23—A farm containing 694 acres, with excellent buildings; 500 clear, balance in timber, consisting of White-oak, Hickory and Chesnut; this is the best growth of timber in the State; the soil is elegant for peach culture, being a dry soil with excellent clay subsoil; every field is watered by a running branch; and it will say the timber is worth the price asked for the whole; situated 2½ miles from Kenton station; the buildings are large and very good; the tract is divided by a road; price very low, and terms accommodating—$5000 wanted, balance to remain at the pleasure of purchaser; there is no white clay or wet land on the tract.

No. 24—A farm containing 320 acres, two miles from Delaware City, one of the best improved farms in the State, with new buildings, costing about $20,000 two years since, located high and commanding; an orchard of 5000, five year old trees, very fine; it has been well limed, manured and boned.

No. 25—A farm containing 187 acres, known as Wm. Reybold farm, mostly upland, this is very fine property, also two miles from Delaware City; also fine trucking soil.

No. 26—Store house, wharf and granary, with 10 acres of nice soil, situated at Sumit Bridge; elegant place for a business man.

No. 27—A farm containing 180 acres, two miles from Middletown, elegant buildings and ground; 10,000 trees; one of the finest properties in the State; there is every thing attached to comfort to the buildings.

No. 28—87 acres; elegant buildings; plenty of fruit.

No. 29—75 acres, with elegant building, and fruit, within one mile of St. Georges; good truck land.

I have houses and lots in Middletown, and a great many farms and wood tracts in all parts of the the peninsula, ranging in price from $10 to $175 per acre, which I would take pleasure in showing to purchasers.

Those wishing to sell their farms this fall, will please send or leave description at my office, corner of BROAD AND ANDERSON STS. MIDDLETOWN, DEL. as I am getting up a catalogue for distribution.

Geo. W. Ingram.

AUCTION.

There will be an auction of Boots, Shoes, Notions, Clothing, Harness, &c. &c. every Saturday night. If you want to save money, call at any time and see for yourself.

GEO. W. INGRAM.

may 4—tf.

FRUIT TREES

AND

SMALL FRUIT PLANTS

FOR SALE, AT ODESSA NURSERIES,

ODESSA, DELAWARE.

PEACH, PEAR, & CHERRY TREES

FOR FALL PLANTING; ALSO.

SMALL FRUIT PLANTS

Of all kinds, and a general assortment of Nursery stock.

sept 23—tf POLK & HYATT.

NOTICE TO PEACH GROWERS.

THE undersigned hereby give notice to the Peach Growers of the vicinity of Middletown, that they will deal in peaches again this season, and will give as good prices, either for orchards, or by the basket for the whole season, or from day to day, as any other buyers.

One of the firm will be in Middletown, on and after the 29th inst., to give the business his personal attention. J. C. & R. NORRIS.

July 18th, 1872.
July 20—tf.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

JUST received, a cargo of *VERY SUPERIOR COAL.*

Stove	2240 lbs.	$7.00
Nut	2240 lbs.	6.50

☞ All orders will receive prompt attention. ☜

June 17—tf CHAS. T. STRATTON.
Odessa, Del.

SPECIAL NOTICE!!

OUR

Dry Goods Department

WILL BE REMOVED TO THE

TWO UPPER STORES IN THE GRAND OPERA HOUSE,

On or About September 10th.

AS WE WISH TO CLOSE OUT MANY LINES OF GOODS,

We Shall Offer During the Present Month

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS TO OUR CUSTOMERS.

Granville Worrell,

220 AND 222 MARKET STREET,

WILMINGTON, DEL.

Aug. 17, 1872—ly.

Schanck, Acker & Sibley

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

FRUITS, PRODUCE &c.

103 PARK PLACE, NEW YORK.

Refer by Permission to

Henry Cowgill, Esq. Woodside, Del.
Isaac H. Fisher, Esq. Cashier Seaford, Del.
Hon. W. H. Ross, Ex-Gov. of Del., Seaford.
Wm. Walker, Esq. Dover, Del.
Samuel Townsend, Esq. Townsend, Del.
Hon. Isaac D. Jones, Princess Anne, Md.
Hon. John B. Whitehead, Mayor of Norfolk, Va.
Wm. Lamb, Esq. Norfolk, Va.
Hon. Joseph Combs, Freehold N. J.

Correspondence solicited. Shipping cards and Stencil Plates furnished. Send for price-current and circular. [may 18-tf]

THE LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN THE STATE.

DeWolf,

308 Market Street,

WILMINGTON, DEL

Having enlarged my store, I have now on hand the largest and best selected stock of SPRING CLOTHING, for GENTS, YOUTHS and BOYS, in the State, which I am offering at Prices to suit all.

A separate Apartment for Boys Clothing. Good all wool Suits at $10.
Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. [*April* 6—6m]

228 EDWARD MOORE, 228

Manufacturer of FINE READY-MADE CLOTHING FOR MEN AND BOYS.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING

ON HAND, MADE UP IN THE LATEST STYLE AND BEST MANNER.
ALSO, A GREAT VARIETY OF

PIECE GOODS, for Order Work.

Apr 22—ly 228 MARKET ST. Wilmington, Del.

J. THOS. BUDD.

SUCCESSOR TO

GEO. W. INGRAM & CO.

Brokers & Real Estate Agents,

CORNER OF MAIN AND CASS STREETS.

Middletown, Delaware,

WILL ATTEND PROMPTLY TO THE COLLECTION OF

NOTES, DRAFTS, BILLS, &c. &c.

NEGOTIATE LOANS, PURCHASE & SELL STOCKS ON COMMISSION.

And offer for sale

Valuable Real Estate,

Comprising some of the most desirable Farms on the Peninsula.

Correspondence by mail solicited.

Refer by permission to the following named gentlemen:

Hon. R. C. Holiday, Sec. of State, Annapolis, Md.
W. R. Bergholz, Memphis & El Paso Pacific Railroad, N. Y.
R. Atkinson, Banker, 41 Broad st. N. Y.
Hon. Richard Schell, 50 Wall " "
Col. Blanton Duncan, Louisville, Ky.
Geo. Betz, Adj. General, Baltimore, Md.
Seyfert, McManus & Co. Philadelphia.
Gen. Robert Patterson, "

march 17—tf

NEW HOTEL

At Townsend Delaware.

TOWNSEND HOUSE.

OPEN June 1st. 1872, will accommodate the travelling public and permanent boarders at very reasonable rates. The bar will at all times be stocked with choice wines, liquors, Tobacco and Segars. Fine oysters in season. Hoping by strict attention to business to merit a liberal, share of the public patronage generally.

JAMES C. TOWNSEND,
June 8—1y. Proprietor.

DR. H. S. REGISTER,

DENTIST,

No. 907 Walnut Str. et.

PHILADELPHIA

aug 19—tf

FOR MARKING LINEN WITH INDELIBLE INK

Emma Cannon

The only neat & reliable manner of marking linen with Indelible Ink is with one of my Superior and Warranted Silver Name Plates. Various styles made to order, with bottle of warranted Indelible Ink, Brush, Box, &c. complete, sent by mail, postage paid, for 60 cents. Illustrated Circular of Designs sent free. Old English and Script Plates for marking find linen, engraved. A Solid Silver UMBRELLA PLATE, engraved with name and address, 75 cents, postpaid. Also every description of large stencil work, for marking Barrels, Bags, Wrapping-paper, &c. Alphabets and Numerals for marking Show Cards, Price Labels, &c. for store windows, all sizes, ready made Stencil Brushes, all colors of dry Stencil Ink, Baggage and Key Checks, &c. Burning Brands and Steel Stamps, Notary Public Seals, &c. ☞ Orders by mail promptly attended to. Satisfaction guaranteed. Orders left at Worden & Evans' Peach Basket Factory will receive prompt attention. J. E. WORDEN,
Diamond State Stencil Depot,
Next door to Saw Mill,
Feb 3, 1872—1y Smyrna, Del.

W. H. WANSER,

Peach King of New York,

Will be in the market to purchase all good orchards offered during the ensuing season. Purchases made from day to day. Consignments on commission solicited. E. T. EVANS.

June 22—tf

WM. LEA & SONS'

POUTAXAT AND KIRKWOOD

BRAND FLOUR,

For Sale by

June 22—tf. E. T. EVANS.

E. T. EVANS,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER IN FLOUR AND FEED,

June 22—tf

E. T. EVANS.

GRAIN COMMISSION MERCHANT,

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

June 22—tf

W. M. KENNARD & CO.,

FOR THE PRESENT AT

4th and King Sts.

Wilmington, Del.,

OFFER THE FOLLOWING GOODS

For Spring and Summer:

BLACK SILKS,	$1.25.
BLACK SILKS,	1.87½.
BLACK SILKS,	1.50.
BLACK SILKS,	1.75.
BLACK SILKS,	2.00.
BLACK SILKS,	2.50.
COLORED SILKS,	$1.25.
COLORED SILKS,	1.50.
COLORED SILKS,	1.75.
COLORED SILKS,	2.00.
COLORED SILKS,	2.25.
JAPANESE SILKS,	$ .75.
JAPANESE SILKS,	.87½
JAPANESE SILKS,	1.00
JAPANESE SILKS,	1.12½
JAPANESE SILKS,	1.25.
MOHAIR SULTANAS,	$ .62½
SILK SULTANAS,	.75
SILK SULTANAS,	.87½
SILK SULTANAS,	1.00
SILK SULTANAS,	1.25
BLACK MOHAIR,	$ .37½
BLACK MOHAIR,	.50
BLACK MOHAIR,	.62½
BLACK MOHAIR,	.75
BLACK MOHAIR,	1.00.
SPRING ALPACA,	$ .25
SPRING ALPACA,	.31
SPRING ALPACA,	.37½
SPRING ALPACA,	.50
SPRING ALPACA,	.62½
BLACK HERNANA,	$ .50
BLACK HERNANA,	.62½
BLACK HERNANA,	.75
BLACK HERNANA,	.87½
BLACK HERNANA,	1.00
BLACK HERNANA,	1.25
NEW PLAIDS,	25 cts.
NEW PLAIDS,	28 "
NEW PLAIDS,	25 "
NEW PLAIDS,	25 "
NEW PLAIDS,	25 "
NEW STRIPES,	25 cts.
NEW STRIPES,	25 "
NEW STRIPES,	25 "
NEW STRIPES,	25 "
NEW STRIPES,	25 "
WHITE PEQUAS,	25 cts.
WHITE PEQUAS,	31 "
WHITE PEQUAS,	37½ "
WHITE PEQUAS,	50 "
WHITE PEQUAS,	62½ "
WHITE GOODS, ALL KINDS,	
WHITE GOODS, ALL KINDS,	
WHITE GOODS, ALL KINDS,	
WHITE GOODS, ALL KINDS,	
WHITE GOODS, ALL KINDS,	

AND EVERY VARIETY OF

NEW STYLE

DRESS GOODS

CLOTHS,

CASSIMERES, &C,

ALL TO BE SOLD

AT MUCH REDUCED RATES!!

THE STOCK IS FULL AND COMPLETE

And must be sold before replacing in the new Store.

may 4—tf

A California Farm.

Many accounts have been published from time to time of the great Bidwell Farm in California. The following from a recent California paper, gives its condition and prospects the present season:

The present crop covers an area of 2,800 acres, 2,000 of which is sown in wheat, and the residue in barley, oats and alfalfa. The kinds of wheat sown are the white bearded Chile, tuwzel, native of North France, patent-office, club and Sonora. Everything is looking in splendid order, whole fields of grain present a perfect uniformity in height, not a weed or mixture of any kind to be seen. The average yield will at least be 30 bushels to the acre, while some of the best of it will reach 50 bushels to the acre. Seven hundred tons of hay have been harvested and housed this season. Sixty acres of alfalfa were sown last year, from 12 acres of which on the 12th day of April, 42 tons of hay were cut, and from the same piece of ground on the 10th day of June, 50 tons were taken off. There are 25 acres of most luxurious growth of timothy. The barly fields look very promising and will yield an average of 50 bushels. There are two vineyards on the farm, the old and new. The old covers about 26 acres, is the growth of years, and bears fruit of the first order. The new covers an area of 150 acres, but lately planted, containing not less than 75,000 vines, all looking thrifty, and a majority of which will bear fruit next year. They embrace almost every variety of foreign grape. The farm orchard embraces 100 acres, and contains every variety of fruit. There are growing upon the ranch 30 acres of beans, the field so clean and nice that not a weed can be seen through its length and breadth. There are 1,000 paper shell almond trees and the intention is to plant 1,000 more next season. There are about eight acres of a nursery under the charge of Mr Caichal, one of the most experienced orchardists of the State. The stock consists of 1,000 head of cattle, among which are found 150 head of choice two-year old heifers; 200 head of horses, the best of the country; 1,200 head of hogs, and 3,500 head of sheep. There is a dairy where 90 cows are milked, with the milk and butter from which the town is supplied. The machinery in use for cultivation cost over $5,000.

Storing Farm Implements.

I went into Swampscot's tool-house yesterday to get out of the rain. His grass is cut, and he will have no further use for his mower. The orthodox way of doing with a mower, on many farms, is to unhitch from it where the last hay cutting is done, and leave it in the field. Swampscot must be a heretic! I found his mower packed away in one corner of his tool-house, as snugly as if it had been there when the tool-house was built, and had never cut any grass. I noticed it had been thoroughly cleaned and the bearings oiled. I rather liked the idea! I said so. Swampscot said, "why, that's the way I make money. I've used that mower six summers, and it's a better mower to-day than Joe Peet's that he bought last year; his lay in the field until November, and was then put into an open shed where the sheep ran and the hens roosted. It was a nice looking object this spring; and I know that he expended $15 upon it before he could make it run. Why, sir, he never took the sickle out of it from the time he quit using it until he wanted to use it again; nor did he oil it."

I noticed the hoes, cultivators, harrows, plows, &c &c, were all snugly put away by Swampscot. I mention these little things that you may know why he has the reputation of being a thrifty, thorough, liberal farmer. He has more current literature on his dining-room table of evenings than most literary men would care for; but you ought to see his hired men go through the papers and magazines! And they share the good things they read with each other and the family and discuss the same with no small degree of intelligence.—*Cor. Rural New Yorker.*

Hogs—Small Breeds.

"A stock raiser of much experience, in an article upon over-grown and medium-sized animals, thus speaks of hogs, indicating his preference for the small breeds:

"There is not one single advantage to be claimed in favor of large hogs. There never was a monster hog which did not make the man who raised him pay for every pound he weighed. They don't furnish an ounce of meat gratis, but charge full price for every atom of their carcass. When slaughtered, it takes a long time to get one cool to the marrow of the bone, and when the hams are put in salt, it is troublesome to finish them to the centre. Four hundred pounds, live weight, is as large as hogs should be, in order to make good bacon. Beyond this size there is a loss somewhere.—Either the feeder, butcher or consumer is beat; and, as a general thing, every one that has anything to do with the big hog will find, if he observes closely, that they are not so profitable as the smooth, well bred half (all) three hundred and fifty pounds weight. Small head, with little, upright ears, and feet and legs delicate to perfection, are marks which indicate the greatest amount of flesh for any given amount of food consumed, and will more readily draw the attention of the butcher."

A writer in the National Live Stock Journal gives the following directions for [illegible] and dressing sheep: "As soon as the sheep is straight hold of, let his throat be cut immediately. Then make an incision in the chest near the heart, and another near the crotch above the smaller [illegible], that the air may escape as he bleeds. Rinse such portions of the quarters that [illegible] as will allow the immediate [illegible] within the salting [illegible] of the leg and dirty looks. [illegible] the carcass may be [illegible] with the coal next to [illegible] for cutting."—*Middle Farmer.*

The success of this renowned Fertilizer in all sections of the country proves it to be the Best and Cheapest Manure in the market. Possessing all the active properties of Pure Peruvian Guano, together with the more durable qualities of Dissolved Bones, it is unsurpassed in its effects on all crops.

We also manufacture our justly celebrated

DIAMOND STATE BONE MEAL,
AND
Diamond State Ground Bone,

The handsomest and best articles in the market.

☞ Pamphlets mailed free on application.

WALTON, WHANN & Co.
SOLE MANUFACTURERS,
STORES,
28 South Wharves, Philadelphia.
203 W. Front Street, Wilmington, Del.
57 S. Calvert Street, Baltimore.
march 30, 1872—1y

30,000
WHITE OAK
Stave
AND
SPLINT
PEACH BASKETS

For Sale on reasonable terms. Apply to

E. R. COCHRAN, or
J. B FOARD,
Middletown, Del.

June 22—3m.

SHELL LIME.

THE SEAFORD LIME WORKS,
purchased of Messrs. Gawthrop & Pennington by
M. COLBOURN & CO.
will be run with renewed activity and to their fullest capacity. Shell Lime is recommended by farmers to be a

Superior Fertilizer.

It is rapidly growing in favor, and the demand for it is increasing all the time.

TRY IT! TRY IT!! TRY IT!!!

Price reduced to 9 Cents per bushel loaded on the cars or in wagons. ☞ Special rates o freight to all stations on the railroad. ☞ Orders filled promptly for any amount, from one car load to ten thousand bushels.
Direct to M. COLBOURN & CO.
Seaford, Del.

McDaniel & Stevenson agents at Dover.
H. C. Douglass " " Clayton.
E. T. Evans " " Middletown.
G. M. D. Hart " " Townsend.
James B. Conner & Son " " Felton.
aug 10—3m

THE
BALTIMORE GAZETTE,
A LEADING
DEMOCRATIC,
COMMERCIAL,
AND FAMILY JOURNAL.

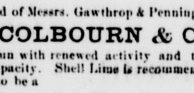
It contains striking editorial comments; a variety of miscellaneous matter; special telegrams, and all the foreign and domestic news received by the Associated Press; and having a large and daily increasing circulation, is one of the best advertising mediums in the country.

Terms of the Daily, in advance, per annum $9 00
" " " six months 4 50
" Weekly " per annum 1 50
" " " six months 1 00

Specimen copies sent on application. Address
WELSH, TAYLOR & CO.
aug 10-tf 106 W. Baltimore Street.

J. B. FOARD,
Middletown Delaware,
SOLE AGENT FOR
ELIHU JEFFERSON, & SON,
New Castle,
FOR THE PURCHASE OF
GRAIN,
AND SALE OF
LIME, FERTILIZERS, SEEDS, &c.
OFFICE AT THE DEPOT,
Jan 14—tf Middletown, Del.

POROUS DRAIN TILE.



[illegible]-ford, 2 to 7 inches Calibre.
Round, with Collar, 1½ to 2½ inches Calibre.
Address, W. H. BELL,
Smyrna, Del.
Successor to Allen & Bell.

Respectfully refers to: John C. Clemens, Esq., Chief Engr. Baltimore Park; R. Morris Copeland, Esq., Chief Engr. Eighty Eighty Park, near Camden.
March 23—3m

GREAT NORTHERN
AND
SOUTHERN NURSERIES.

100,000 Prime Peach Trees,

All budded on stock grown from natural seed. The above stock embraces some new and desirable varieties that cannot be obtained elsewhere this season.

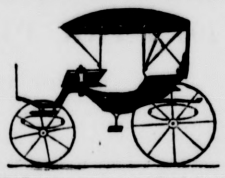
800,000 Apple Trees,

Standard and Dwarf, two and three years old largely of early variety and Southern winter or keeping apples. Fruit growers would do well to turn their attention to the cultivation of early Apples. The early varieties grow and fruit well anywhere on the Peninsula; bear young and command high prices in the market. All who plant peach orchards should not fail to plant the ground with early apples at 34 feet apart with peaches between, each way—37 apple and 113 peach trees to the acre. Peach trees alone at 20 feet each way 109 per acre. Before the peach trees are one half done the apples are in profitable bearing; the apples will last about 50 years. In 1871 when the Hale's Early peaches sold in New York for from $1 50 to $3.00 per crate, the early apples sold readily at same time for $3.00 to $5.00 per crate; the apples producing three times as many crates per acre as the peaches. When the peach orchard is done and gone the planter has the ground occupied with a good and profitable orchard, which in most cases will outlive the planter. I have a large stock of standard and Dwarf Pears, Early Richmond and other Cherries, Gooseberries, Currants, Herstine and other Raspberries, Blackberries in variety, Strawberries in variety, Concords Collossal and Imperial Asparagus, Evergreen and Deciduous Trees, Shrubbery, Roses etc, suitable for farms and yards, Cemetries, &c. Hot-house plants—can furnish all kinds of trees and plants usually found in any first class establishment. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention—write for catalogue. Hiram Deal, Esq. is my authorized agent at Middletown, Del., all orders left with him will receive prompt attention.

RANDOLPH PETERS,
June 1—6m. Wilmington, Del.

CARRIAGES.

CARRIAGES



GREAT inducements are offered to persons wanting good carriages at

ALEXANDER & SON'S
Carriage Works,
DELAWARE CITY, DEL.

They wish to inform their old customers and the public generally that they have on hand and make to order

CARRIAGES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

and warranted to be of the best quality, which they offer at reasonable prices.
May 18—y

JOHN F. WHITE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Middletown, Del.
Office over J. T. Hayes' Tobacco Store.

We the undersigned, residents of St. Georges Hundred, respectfully recommend to the owners of valuable stock the services of John F. White. We have employed him in many difficult cases, and found him to have a thorough knowledge of all diseases that stock are subject to:—George W. Karsner, Samuel Fenimore, L. V. Aspril, W. Kenney, William Polk, Daniel Stevens, W. Corbit, Daniel Corbit, Jonathan K. Williams, F. T. Perry, S. M. Enos, Serick F. Shallcross, George W. Ortlip, James J. Janvier, James T. Shallcross, W. E. Vandegrift, W. N. Hamilton, M. D., R. W. Cochran, Samuel Pennington, Thomas Cochran, H. A. Perkins, H. A. Nowland, Wm. Dudley, R. R. Cochran.
May 4—tf.

NEW JERSEY CHEMICAL CO.
AMMONIATED
SUPER-PHOSPHATE.

The NEW JERSEY CHEMICAL COMPANY having purchased the Chemical Works late of Potts & Klett, are now manufacturing Ammoniated Super-Phosphate of Lime fully equal in quality and condition to the Rhodes Super-Phosphate, formerly made by Potts & Klett, which has heretofore given such general satisfaction.

We are now prepared to furnish consumers and dealers with the above Super-Phosphate and shall be glad to supply our old customers and others. We also beg to call your attention to the

"ORCHIA GUANO."

This Guano we receive direct from the Orchilla Island. Wherever it has been fairly tried it is pronounced one of the best and cheapest fertilizers in the market.

YARNALL & TRIMBLE,
SOLE WHOLESALE AGENTS,
147 South Front Street,
Mar 16—3ms 2f Philadelphia.

DRESSED UP!!

THE OLD BANK HAS NOW GOT ON ITS SUMMER CLOTHES AND IS PREPARED FOR BUSINESS.

ICE CREAM
AND
SODA WATER

In exchange for Cash. Discount days—every day in the week, Sundays excepted. Open at all hours.

Fine Confectionery,
Fruits, foreign & domestic,
Cakes, &c. &.

Always on hand. CAKES make to order. Parties supplied at short notice.

N. B.—Agent for Jackson, Pyle & Cox's Alden Fruits. E. B. RICE,
may 11—tf Main St. Middletown, Del.

LIME, LIME, LIME!!

THE subcriber will furnish the best quick Lime to all who may want, at kiln prices. For further information inquire of John A. Reynolds, Middletown, Delaware, who is authorized to act for me. GEORGE WHITE,
Apr. 20—tf. Norristown, Pa.

CUCUMBER PUMPS!

J. B. PENIMORE & CO.
Middletown, Del.
apr 27—6mos Agency.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For the relief and cure of all derangements in the stomach, liver, and bowels. They are a mild cathartic, and an excellent purgative. Being purely vegetable, they contain no mercury or mineral whatever. Such serious sickness and suffering is prevented by their timely use; and every family should have them on hand for their protection and relief, when required. Long experience has proved them to be the safest, surest, and best of all the *Pills* with which the market abounds. By their occasional use, the blood is purified, the corruptions of the system expelled, obstructions removed, and the whole machinery of life restored to its healthy activity. Internal organs which become clogged and sluggish are cleansed by *Ayer's Pills*, and stimulated into action. The incipient disease is changed into health, the value of which change, when restored on the vast multitudes who enjoy it, can hardly be computed. Their sugar coating makes them pleasant to take, and preserves their virtues unimpaired for any length of time, so that they are ever fresh, and perfectly reliable. Although searching, they are mild, and operate without disturbance to the constitution, or diet, or occupation.

Full directions are given on the wrapper to each box, how to use them as a Family Physic, and for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor, and Loss of Appetite, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach, and restore its healthy tone and action.

For Liver Complaint and its various symptoms, Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice or Green Sickness, Bilious Colic and Bilious Fevers, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For Dysentery or Diarrhœa, but one mild dose is generally required.

For Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back, and Loins, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For Dropsy and Dropsical Swellings, they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For Suppression, a large dose should be taken, as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

For sale by CHAS. TATMAN,
Middletown, Del.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

Every year increases the popularity of this valuable Hair Preparation; which is due to merit alone. We can assure our old patrons that it is kept fully up to its high standard; and it is the only reliable and perfected preparation for restoring GRAY OR FADED HAIR to its youthful color, making it soft, lustrous, and silken. The scalp, by its use, becomes white and clean. It removes all eruptions and dandruff, and, by its tonic properties, prevents the hair from falling out, as it stimulates and nourishes the hair-glands. By its use, the hair grows thicker and stronger. In baldness, it restores the capillary glands to their normal vigor, and will create a new growth, except in extreme old age. It is the most economical HAIR DRESSING ever used, as it requires fewer applications, and gives the hair a splendid, glossy appearance. A. A. Hayes, M.D., State Assayer of Massachusetts, says, "The constituents are pure, and carefully selected for excellent quality; and I consider it the BEST PREPARATION for its intended purposes."
Sold by all Druggists, and Dealers in Medicines.
Price One Dollar.

Buckingham's Dye.
FOR THE WHISKERS.

As our Renewer in many cases requires too long a time, and too much care, to restore gray or faded Whiskers, we have prepared this dye, in *one preparation*; which will quickly and effectually accomplish this result. It is easily applied, and produces a color which will neither rub nor wash off. Sold by all Druggists. Price Fifty Cents.
Manufactured by R. P. HALL, & CO., NASHUA, N.H.

For sale by CHAS. TATMAN,
Middletown, Del.

E. B. RICE
WITH
T. E. FERREE,
GENERAL PRODUCE
Commission Merchant,
PEACHES
BERRIES, APPLES, POULTRY, &c.
189 READ STREET, NEW YORK.

REFERENCE BY PERMISSION:
H. K. Willis, Middletown. | B. F. Hanson, Middletown.
J. A. Reynolds, " | Amos Lynch, "
apr. 6—6m

GOOD NEWS
TO POULTERERS!!

CHOLERA IN POULTRY POSITIVELY
CURED AND PREVENTED,
And gapes in young chickens prevented, by using
THE GREAT REMEDY.

Prepared and for sale, wholesale and retail, by
SHOCKLEY & CO.
Dover, Del.
Scowdrick & Cochran, Agents, at Middletown.
☞ For sale by storekeepers everywhere.
march 2—6mos

STOREKEEPERS AND
LIVERYMEN,
Will find it to their interest to buy their Grain
AT E. T. EVAN'S
FLOUR AND FEED STORE,
Opposite National Hotel.
June 22—tf

THOMAS S. DUNNING, A. M. M. D.
Homœopathic Physician,
Has removed to old Transcript Office on Main Street, Middletown, Del.
Office hours, 7 to 9 A. M.
" " 1 to 3 P. M.
dec 3—tf " " 6 to 7 P. M.

MIDDLETOWN STOVE HOUSE.
JOHN B. ROBERTS,

TAKES pleasure in announcing to his friends of Middletown and surrounding country, that he has taken the Tin and Stove Store of the late S. W. Roberts, and offers to the public the largest and best selected stock of Stoves, both Cooking and Heating, ever offered in Middletown, and at prices that cannot fail to please. Among the assortment are the following

COOK STOVES.

NIAGARA, PARLOR COOK, MONITOR
CORAL COOK, WM. PENN, LEHIGH,
and others made in the city.

PARLOR STOVES.

BRILLIANT, DEW DROP,
GAS BURNING BASE, UNION AIR TIGHT
PARLOR LIGHT, OUR PARLOR.

Also, SEXTON'S PARLOR HEATERS.

Stoves of all kinds suitable for Stores, Offices, Bar-rooms, and School Houses.

Also, the Morning Glory and the Oriental, both unsurpassed in beauty and efficiency. They can be seen in operation at the store of the proprietor.

All sizes of Bar-room Stoves and Ten-plate Stoves repaired at short notice.

Old Stoves taken in exchange.

☞ TIN WARE at wholesale and retail. ☜

Being a practical workman, himself, he thinks he can give satisfaction to all who favor him with their work. Particular attention paid to Roofing and Spouting.

☞ ORDERS SOLICITED.
JOHN B. ROBERTS.
aug 13, 1870—y

Register's Order.

REGISTER'S OFFICE,
New Castle County, Aug. 5th, 1872.

Upon the application of James A. Jamison, Administrator of Wm. Ray Jamison, late of Red Lion Hundred in said County, deceased; it is ordered and directed by the Register that the Administrator aforesaid, give notice of the granting of Letters of Administration upon the Estate of the deceased, with the date of granting thereof, by causing advertisements to be posted within forty days from the date of such Letters, in six of the most public places of the County of New Castle, requiring all persons having demands against the Estate, to present the same, or abide by an Act of Assembly in such case made and provided. And also cause the same to be inserted within the same period in the Middletown Transcript, a newspaper published in Middletown and to be continued therein two months.

L.S. Given under the hand and Seal of Office of the Register aforesaid, at New Castle, in New Castle County aforesaid, the day and year above written.

B. GIBBS, Register.

NOTICE.—All persons having claims against the Estate of the deceased must present the same duly attested to the Administrator on or before August 5th, 1873, or abide the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided.

JAMES A. JAMISON, Adm.
aug 10—2m. Address—Warwick, Md.

DENTISTRY.

J. J. VANDERFORD, D. D. S.
Graduate of the Pennsylvania College of
DENTAL SURGERY.
DELAWARE CITY, DELAWARE.

REFERENCES.
Hon. H. G. S. Key, St. Mary's co, Md.
Hon. B. G. Harris, " " " "
Col. C. Billingslea, " " " "
Dr. F. C. Neale, " " " "
Joseph H. Key, Esq. " " " "
Hon. B. T. Biggs, New Castle co. Del.
Rev. John Patton, D. D. " "
Rev. J. C. McCabe, D. D. " "
Hon. Hiram McCullough, Cecil county, Md.
Rev. Henry Matthews, " "
Hon. Geo. Earle, late Ass't. Post. Gen'l.
may 13—tf

SOLUBLE PACIFIC
GUANO!

PRICES REDUCED!
STANDARD GUARANTEED!

Farmers and Dealers are informed that this article contains all the requisite elements as a Fertilizer that the soil will digest, and while it is quick in its action, it is permanent in its effect.

The increased demand for this Guano in the Southern and Middle States, is a sure criterion o its value.

JNO. S. REESE & CO.,
General Agents,
122 South Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia.

☞ We call the attention of Tobacco growers to this Guano.

LIBERAL DISCOUNT to DEALERS.

For Sale by J. B. FOARD,
Middletown, Del.
March 2, 1872—6mo

HILLIARD & McMULKIN,
COMMISSION DEALERS IN
COUNTRY PRODUCE,
Domestic Fruit, &c.
368, 369 and 370,
West Washington Market, New York.

☞ All Baskets lost will be paid for.

A. T. BRADLEY, Agent,
Middletown, Del.

REFERENCES,
Samuel Townsend, Esq. Townsend, Del.
R. A. Frazier, Esq., Sassafras, Md.
Kelly & Guild, Middletown, Del.
Robert Griffith, Esq. Sassafras, Md.
apr 27—6m.

WORDEN & EVANS
GENERAL AGENTS for the CELEBRATED
Woods Self Rake
REAPER & MOWER COMBINED,
THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

Send for circular, or call and see, before purchasing elsewhere. COMMERCE ST.
June 3—tf SMYRNA, DEL.

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE TOWN LOT, corner Crawford and Coz Sts.

☞ *TERMS REASONABLE.*

Apply to
R. EUGENE COCHRAN,
March 16—tf Middletown, Del.

MIDDLETOWN IRON FOUNDRY
AND
MACHINE SHOP.

PLOWS and Plow Castings, Machine Castings of all kinds on hand or made to order.

Particular attention given to Repairing Machinery. Cash for old Iron.

WM. L. BUCKE & SON,
Jan 4-tf Founders and Machinists.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE subscriber would call the attention of the public to his

Large and Well-Selected Stock of
GOODS,
Consisting in part of
DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS, GROCERIES, BOOTS,
Shoes, Hats, Hardware,
Queensware, Wood and Willow Ware, Earthen and Stone Ware.
FISH, MEATS, &c.
And everything usually kept in a
FIRST CLASS COUNTRY STORE,

All of which have been selected with care, and will be
SOLD AT PRICES
IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TIMES.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere

NO CHARGE
FOR SHOWING GOODS.

Charles Tatman Jr.
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.
apr. 9—tf

FRANCIS DUGGAN,
St. Georges, Del.
MANUFACTURER OF

CARRIAGES
OF ALL KINDS.

Repairing done in a neat and substantial manner.

Patronage solicited, and satisfaction guaranteed.
Jan. 7—1y.

LUMBER & HARDWARE.

J. B. FENIMORE & CO.
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT,
MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE.
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
Lumber and Hardware,
BRICKS, LIME, HAIR, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS
MOULDINGS, PAINTS, OILS,
GLASS, ETC. ETC.
Constantly on hand all kinds of
Building Material.
January 15—tf

MADE TO ORDER AND WARRANTED A TRUE FIT.
PERFECT FITTING, COMFORT, EASE AND ELEGANCE.

Send for self-measurement circular.
J. P. DOUGHTEN,
may 28-tf 410 Market st. Wilmington, Del.

E. D. BROWN,
SUCCESSOR TO
BROWN & GALLIGHER,
IMPORTERS OF
FINE BRANDIES, WINES, GINS, &C.
AND DEALERS IN
RYE, WHEAT, AND BOURBON WHISKEY,
No. 11 South 9th Street, Philadelphia.
Jan 29—y

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS.

THOMAS DUPUY,
37 SOUTH SECOND STREET,
Above Chestnut, East Side, Philadelphia,

Would call the attention of those wishing to purchase Carpetings, to his large and choice line of Foreign and Domestic, both in relation to qualities as well as styles. Also Oil Cloths, Mattings, Rugs, Mats, Stair Rods, &c. &c. at the lowest cash prices.

N.B.—J. STEWART DEPUY is not at 253 S. 2nd St. but *is* with Thomas Depuy.
sept 9, 1871—3mf—z.

FOR SALE.

THE choice from two pairs of mules. One pair seven and eight years old, 16 hands high. The other 5 years old and nearly 15 hands high. Both well broken and guaranteed.
W. GREEN,
June 6—tf. Middletown, Del.

DR. THOMAS H. GILPIN,
Graduate of the Pennsylvania College of
DENTAL SURGERY,

HAVING located in Middletown, and succeeded Dr. J. J. Vanderford, respectfully offers his professional services to the public.

FOR RENT.

THREE GOOD HOUSES in Middletown, for rent. Two on Lake street, and one on Lockwood. Apply to
March 16—tf J. B. FENIMORE.

Delaware Rail Road Line.

Summer Arrangement.

ON and after Monday, May 20th, 1872, (Sundays excepted,) Trains will leave as follows:

NORTH.	A. M.	P. M.	SOUTH.	A. M.	P. M.
Delmar	7 10		Philadelphia	8 30	5 00
Laurel	11 15		Baltimore	7 35	3 40
Seaford	11 35		Wilmington	10 10	6 27
Bridgeville	11 50		New Castle	10 30	6 47
	P. M.		State Road	10 35	6 55
Greenwood	12 05		Bear	10 45	7 05
Farmington A. M.	12 15		Rodney	10 50	7 09
Milford 7 00			Kirkwood	11 00	7 19
Harrington 7 30	12 30		Mt. Pleasant	11 10	7 29
Felton 7 39	12 50		Middletown	11 25	7 45
Canterbury 7 35	12 55		Townsend	11 35	7 55
Woodside 7 40	1 05		Blackbird	11 50	8 10
Wyoming 7 50	1 15		Sassafras	12 05	8 30
Dover 8 00	1 25		Clayton	11 55	8 10
Moorton 8 10	1 40		ARRIVE	P. M.	
Brenford 8 15	1 45		Smyrna	12 15	7 20
Smyrna 8 25	1 55			P. M.	
Clayton 8 25	1 55		Brenford	12 25	8 15
Sassafras Road 8 30	2 00			P. M.	
Blackbird 8 40	2 15		Moorton	12 35	8 25
Townsend 8 45	2 20		Dover	12 50	8 35
Middletown 9 05	2 35		Wyoming	12 59	8 45
Mt. Pleasant 9 15	2 45		Woodside	12 40	8 50
Kirkwood 9 25	3 00		Canterbury	12 46	9 00
Rodney 9 30	3 05		Felton	12 50	9 05
Bear 9 40	3 15		Harrington	1 07	9 25
State Road 9 45	3 20		Milford		9 45
N. Castle 9 55	3 30		Farmington	1 15	
ARRIVE.			Greenwood	1 25	
Wilmington 10 15	3 55		Bridgeville	1 37	
Philada. 11 45	5 23		Seaford	1 56	
P. M.			Laurel	2 12	
Baltimore 1 05	9 10		Delmar	2 55	

MIXED TRAIN.—Northward, will leave Delmar at 2 00 P. M.; Laurel 3.25; Seaford, 3.55; Bridgeville, 4.30; Greenwood, 4.50; Farmington 5.05; Harrington, 5.25; Dover, 6.25; Clayton, 6.55; Middletown, 7.39. Arrive at Wilmington, 9.50; Philadelphia, 11.30; Baltimore, 3.50. Southward, will leave Phila. at 11 30 P. M. Baltimore, 7.30; Wilmington, 12.55; New Castle, 1.20; Middletown, 2.25; Townsend, 2,45; Clayton, 3.15; Dover 4.00; Wyoming, 4.10; Felton, 4.40; Harrington, 5.05; Farmington, 5.15; Greenwood, 5.32; Bridgeville, 5.50; Seaford, 6. 15; Laurel, 6.40; Delmar, 7.00.

The mixed train will be run subject to delays incident to freight business, and will stop only at stations where time is given.

NEW CASTLE TRAINS.

Leave New Castle for Wilmington and Philadelphia at 7.40 A. M. Leave Philadelphia, 11.45 A. M. and Wilmington, 1.00 P. M. for New Castle.

SMYRNA BRANCH TRAINS.

Additional to those above, leave Smyrna for Clayton 11 35 A. M. and 7.35 P. M. leave Clayton for Smyrna 8.40 A. M., and 2,00 P. M., leave Smyrna for Clayton 11.35 A. M., and 7.35 P. M. to make connection with trains to and from Dover, and Stations south.

CONNECTIONS.

At Townsend, with the Kent County and Queen Anne's & Kent Railroads. At Clayton, with Md. and Del. R. R. At Harrington with J. & B. R. R. At Seaford, with Dorcester and Delaware R. R. At Delmar, with Eastern Shore R. R., and Wicomico and Pocomoke R. R.

May 20—1y H. F. KENNEY, Superintendent.

SPRING! SPRING! SPRING!

SCOWDRICK & COCHRAN

ARE now opening an unusually large and Handsome Stock of Spring Goods, comprising all the latest Styles of Spring and Summer

DRESS GOODS,
FANCY GOODS,
and TRIMMINGS,
DOMESTIC GOODS,
CASSIMERS and COATINGS,
COTTONADES, LINENS, &c.

A Full Line of Mens' Fine
CALF BOOTS AND GAITERS,
LADIES' BUTTONED and LACE GAITERS,
Direct from the Manufacturer's

HARD-WARE, QUEENS-WARE,
Groceries and Provisions,

All of which we would respectfully call the attention of the Public before making your spring purchases. Respectfully, &c.
SCOWDRICK & COCHRAN.
April 27—tf

VALUABLE FARM
AT PRIVATE SALE!!!

THE undersigned, as one of the heirs of Richard J. Foard, will sell at private sale, the farm situated on Bohemia Manor, adjoining the village of St. Augustine, Cecil Co. Md.

Containing 100 Acres,

more or less. This is the finest farm on the Manor; is under a high state of cultivation; there is no waste land upon it, and there is no better land in the State. There is a thriving young Peach Orchard of 2,500 trees, in full bearing. The farm lies within 6 miles of Middletown, and within 2½ of Chesapeake City. Convenient to schools, churches, post office, blacksmith shops, steamboats and railroads.

For terms and particulars apply to
J. B. FOARD,
Feb 10—tf Middletown, Del.

THOMAS MASSEY, JR.
CLOCK AND WATCH MAKER,
Main Street, next door to National Hotel
Middletown, Delaware

CLOCKS, Watches, Jewelry, &c. neatly and promptly repared.

Always on hand and for sale, Clocks, Watches, Plated Ware, Forks, Spoons, Silver Napkin Rings, Silver Thimbles, Salt, Sugar and Tea Spoons, Butter Knives, Gold Breast-Pins, Ear-Rings, Finger-Rings, Sleeve Buttons, Watch Chains, Watch Keys, Key Rings, Steel Watch Chains, &c.

AGENT FOR
DeVINNY'S SPECTACLES.
Dec. 12—tf.

J. HERMANN'S
Monumental Marble Works,
Corner Delaware and Union Streets,
NEW CASTLE, DEL.
Monuments, Marble and Enameled Slate Mantels,
Furnished at short notice, & on reasonable terms

REFERENCES.
M. M. CLEAVER, PHILIP R. CLARK, ANDREW ELLISON
Sept. 4—tf

M. E. DICKSON,
No. 35½ SOUTH EIGHTH STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
DEALER IN
WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
SOLID STERLING
Silver and Plated Ware
Suitable for Holiday Presents.

N. B.—Fine selection of 18 Kt. Wedding Rings on Hand.
Gold, Silver and Steel Spectacles to suit all ages.
Dec. 16—tf